

МИНИСТЕРСТВО ИНОСТРАННЫХ ДЕЛ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ (МИД РОССИИ)

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26.11.2015 No 12 999/201

На №______от____

ЗАМЕСТИТЕЛЮ
РУКОВОДИТЕЛЯ
ФЕДЕРАЛЬНОЙ СЛУЖБЫ ПО
ВЕТЕРИНАРНОМУ И
ФИТОСАНИТАРНОМУ
НАДЗОРУ

Е.А.НЕПОКЛОНОВУ

Уважаемый Евгений Анатольевич,

Направляем копию ноты МИД Бангладеш о фитосанитарных требованиях, установленных Министерством сельского хозяйства Бангладеш к импорту иностранной растительной сельскохозяйственной продукции.

Приложение: упомянутое, на 15 лл.

ЗАМЕСТИТЕЛЬ ДИРЕКТОРА ВТОРОГО ДЕПАРТАМЕНТА АЗИИ С Уважения / Д.ГАНИЧ



Получено Посольством России в Дакке из МИД Бангладеш 29.10.2015 года

вх.№ 145 от 29.10.2015

Перевод с английского

НОТНЫЙ БЛАНК МИНИСТЕРСТВО ИНОСТРАННЫХ ДЕЛ НАРОДНОЙ РЕСПУБЛИКИ БАНГЛАДЕШ

№ MOFA/Europe/EE/Russia/216/15 (022)

Министерство Иностранных Дел Народной Республики Бангладеш свидетельствует свое уважение Посольству Российской Федерации в Дакке и имеет честь направить информацию, представленную Министерством сельского хозяйства Бангладеш, в ответ на запрос уважаемого Посольства, относительно фитосанитарных требований к импорту иностранной растительной сельскохозяйственной продукции, а также информацию о регионах и зонах выращивания указанной продукции, свободных от карантинных организмов, типичных для семян и растений.

Министерство пользуется настоящим случаем, чтобы возобновить Посольству уверения в своем высочайшем уважении.

Приложение: упомянутое.

г.Дакка, « 25 » октября 2015 года

ПОСОЛЬСТВУ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ

г.Дакка

Іеревел: //А.Банкаев/

প্র**রাষ্ট্র মন্ত্রণালয়** গণপ্রজাতন্ত্রী বাংলাদেশ সরকার ঢাকা



MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF BANGLADESH DHAKA

Most Immediate

MOFA/Europe/EE/Russia/216/15 (022)

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Government of People's Republic of Bangladesh presents its compliments to the Embassy of the Russian Federation in Dhaka and has the honour to send a report as requested by the esteemed embassy regarding phytosanitary requirements for import of foreign crop production, as well as information about regions, zones and production areas free from quarantine substances, which are typical for seed and planting having received the view from Ministry of Agriculture.

Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Government of People's Republic of Bangladesh avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Embassy of the Russian Federation in Dhaka the assurances of its highest consideration.

Encl. as stated

Embassy of the Russian Federation Dhaka

Dhaka, 25 October 2015

Name of the country	·	Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh
2. The National Law (Full name of legal acts on plant quarantine, its register number and date of coming into force)		Plant Quarantine Act 2011. Destructive Insects & Pests Rule-1966 (Plant Quarantine) Amended upto July 1989 SRO-127(K)/67
3. General provisions		
	- Requirements for execution of phytosanitary certificates for import (records in additional declarations)	1. No person shall import any plant or plant products which may be a source or medium of infection or infestation by diseases and plant pests destructive to agriculture or medium for the introduction of noxious weeds, except under a valid import permit obtained prior to such importation in "Form IA"(ANEX-1) issued by the Director or the Deputy Director (Quarantine) and except through the prescribed ports or policy of entry. 2. Any consignment shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate, issued by the National Plant Protection Organization of the country of origin of the consignment. 3. If the consignment has been exported from a country other than the country of origin, the consignment shall in addition be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate for re-export issued by the National Plant Protection Organization of the country of re-export. 4. Notwithstanding the generality of sub-rules (1) and (2), the National Plant Quarantine Authority may exceptionally and at its own discretion, allow the importation of a consignment if, at the time of arrival into Bangladesh, such consignment—was accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate, and, or, phytosanitary certificate for re-export, without additional declaration(s) are required in accordance with Rule 6; or-was not accompanied by a valid phytosanitary certificate of the country of origin, and, or, valid phytosanitary certificate, fulfilling phytosanitary requirements of Bangladesh in respect of specific commodity but without import permit may be released at the discretion of NPQA after post-entry quarantine

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- Expiry date of the phytosanitary certificate for import.	- The Phytosanitary Certificate granted for the export of a consignment of non-perishable plants or plant products shall be valid for a period of fifteen days from the date of issue and in case of perishable plants or plant products shall be twenty four hours for the purpose of such export. - Consignments which are failing within the period of validity for export, has been issued, a
	country of origin: (a)Additional Declaration 1: freedom from live insects or pathogens; (b)Additional Declaration 2: freedom from soil. extraneous matter and foreign plant material; (c)Additional Declaration 3: any material of plant origin applied for packing shall be made perfect use by appropriate treatment, as specified on the import permit; (d)Additional Declaration 4: the quarantine pest(s) listed under the Second Schedule do not occur in the country of origin, as applicable for the commodity to be imported; (e)Additional Declaration 5: areas of production have been officially inspected by the National Plant Protection Organization of the country of origin during active growth and all plants were found to be free from the quarantine pest(s) listed under the Second Schedule, as applicable for the commodity to be imported; (f)Additional Declaration 6: the consignment, or a reasonable sample thereof, has been tested by the National Plant Protection Organization of the country of origin and has been found to be free from the quarantine pest(s) listed under the Second Schedule, as applicable for the commodity to be imported; (g)Additional Declaration 7: the consignment has been treated as specified on the import permit. (2)Any consignment may, immediately uparrival in Bangladesh, be subject to compulsory post-entry treatment, as shall be specified on the import permit, and/or, in the case of seed and other propagative materials carry out post-entry quarantine examination, as shall be specified on the import.
	examination, in which case a permission for special release order shall be issued. With a view to prevent the introduction into Bangladesh of declaration quarantine pests or the spread thereof, any or all of the following conditions, shall apply in addition to the conditions under Rules 4 and 5, and shall be declared on the phytosanitary certificate issued by the National Plant Protection Organization of the

new phytosanitary certificate from the competent authority. In case a consignment for which a phytosanitary certificate has been issued is shipped after the validity period of the phytosanitary certificate, and no application has been made for a new phytosanitary certificate, and no application has been made for a new phytosanitary certificate, and no application has been made for a new phytosanitary certificate, and no application has been made for a new phytosanitary certificate, and no application has been made for a new phytosanitary certificate, and no application has been made for a new phytosanitary certificate, and no application shall not be held responsible for any objections raised, or action taken, by the National Plant Protection Organization of the importing country. - Necessity of acquisition of import permit of any plant or plant products with supplier and opening of letter of credit submit an application in 'Form' to the Director for an import permit All such applications shall be signed by the person who intends to import the plant or plant products. (a) the fine of readit submit an application in 'Form' to the Director or for an import permit All such applications shall be signed by the person who intends to import the plant or plant products. (b) the country and locality of plant or plant products in prod	 ·r	
of impor (procedure cf its acquisition) plant products the importer shall prior to entering into any contact with supplier and opening of letter of credit submit an application in 'Form' to the Director for an import permit. All such applications shall be signed by the person who intends to import the plant or plant products or its duly authorized agent and shall a specify; (a) the kind and quantity of plant or plant products (b) the country and locality of origin (c) destination (d) the name and address of the consigner and consignee; (e) means of transport; (f) the prescribed point of entry (g) purpose for which the plant or plant products is proposed to be imported e.g.; consumption, propagation or processing. Refusal & Revocation of Permits: A permit to import plant /plant products may be revoked if in the opinion of the Director or the Deputy Director (Quarantine) the importer has willfully contravened any provision of these rules or there is reason to believe that the plant or plant products will be imported in violation of the provisions of the rules. - Necessity of fumigation of the provisions of the rules. - Necessity of fumigation, specimen, expositions and dosage) After inspection any presence of live: four pest it should be non-comply give notice from NPPO of Bangladesh with exporting country and, or, it must be fumigated by Plant Quarantine Officer before release. In case of American raw cotton arriving at the port the consignment valid import permit & valid phytosanitary certificate shall be fumigated by Plant Quarantine Officer before elease. Period of fumigation = 72 Hours Specimen = Aluminum Phosphide Expositions = 30minutes to 24 Hours Dosage = 25-30Tab/1000cft.		authority. In case a consignment for which a phytosanitary certificate has been issued is shipped after the validity period of the phytosanitary certificate, and no application has been made for a new phytosanitary certificate, the National Plant Quarantine Authority shall not be held responsible for any objections raised, or action taken, by the National Plant Protection Organization of the importing country.
of imported quarantine produce (to specify the name of the produce, period of fumigation, specimen, expositions and dosage) pest it should be non-comply give notice from NPPO of Bangladesh with exporting country and, or, it must be fumigated by Plant Quarantine Officer before release. In case of American raw cotton arriving at the port the consignment valid import permit & valid phytosanitary certificate shall be fumigated by Plant Quarantine Officer before release. Period of fumigation = 72 Hours Specimen = Aluminum Phosphide Expositions = 30minutes to 24 Hours Dosage = 25-30Tab/1000cft.	of import personal plant products the importer shall products the into any contact with supplier a letter of credit submit an application the Director for an import personal pulcations shall be signed by the intends to import the plant or plant duly authorized agent and shall a special	plant products the importer shall prior to entering into any contact with supplier and opening of letter of credit submit an application in 'Form' to the Director for an import permit. All such applications shall be signed by the person whe intends to import the plant or plant products or has duly authorized agent and shall a specify; (a) the kind and quantity of plant or plant products (b) the country and locality of origin (c) destination (d) the name and address of the consigner and consignee; (e) means of transport; (f) the prescribed point of entry (g) purpose for which the plant or plant products is proposed to be imported e.g.; consumption, propagation or processing. Refusal & Revocation of Permits: A permit to import plant /plant products may be revoked if in the opinion of the Director or the Deputy Director (Quarantine) the importer has willfully contravened any provision of these rules or there is reason to believe that the plant or plant products will be imported in violation of the
- Et cetera 1 -	of imported quarantine produce (to specify the name of the produce, period of fumigation, specimen, expositions and dosage)	pest it should be non-comply give notice from NPPO of Bangladesh with exporting country and, or, it must be fumigated by Plant Quarantine Officer before release. In case of American raw cotton arriving at the port the consignment valid import permit & valid phytosanitary certificate shall be fumigated by Plant Quarantine Officer before release. Period of fumigation = 72 Hours Specimen = Aluminum Phosphide Expositions = 30minutes to 24 Hours
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List of quarantine objects for the country.		see the ANEX 2
5. List of quarantine products banned for import (please specify)		Soil, Soil rooted plants, unsterilized rooting media such as compost, humus or forest litter, Poppy seed, Chrysanthemum seeds & Cotton Seed (see rules- 27, 28, 28E, 28M)
6. Restrictions for import		1. Potato 2. Rubber 3. Sugarcane 4. Tobacco 5. Citrus Plants 6. Coffee 7. Banana 8. Coconut 9. Groundnut 10. Maize 11. Tea 12. Allium spp 13. Cocoa 14. Cotton 15. Pearl Millets 16. Rice 17. Sorghum 18. Wheat 19. Orchid 20. Ornamental Plants 21. Forest Tree Seeds 22. Forestry Products 23. Fruits: Fresh Fruits 24. Mango plants and Seeds 25. Grass Seeds 26. Lucern 27. Oil palm 28. Soybean 29. Chilli 30. Pepper 31. Other spices 32. Vegetable seeds 33. Sweet Potato 34. Other Plant Products Betel nuts 35. Silk worm eggs 36. Food grain See the ANEX-3 and Destructive Insects & Pests Rule-1966 Amended upto July 1989(Plant Quarantine) (Rules 4 to28)

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Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh Ministry of Agriculture Department of Agricultural Extension Plant Quarantine Wing

IMPORT PERMIT

(T	his permit is to be sent	by the importe	er to the supplier who shall ensure that it o	accompanies the consignment)
То	:			No.: Khamarbari, Dhaka-1215
Yo	our reference :			, and a
	accordance with the 15, permission is her		nder Rule 4 (5) of the Plant Quarantine	(Import and Export) Rules
to	(name and address of i	importer)	:	
to	import in one consign	nment, withir	n four months of the date of issue of th	is permit,
by	(means of transport)		:	
fro	m (name and address	of consignor)	:	
of	(country of origin and/	or re-export)	! .,	
thr	ough (point of entry)		:	
	following plants and lame of products, Qu		cts:ck size)	
	competent authority	s accompanie y), and of re- is pests or t	d by a Phytosanitary Certificate from the export if applicable, declaring the plant of the been renriered free from in	ints or plant products to be
2)	from injurious pests the examining Plan	s, otherwise i t Quarantine may be seize	it will be examined and will only be in the state of the	ed as deemed necessary by, or may be returned

Cc: 1) The Commissioner / Joint Commissioner / Deputy Commissioner / Assistant Commissioner / Superintend of Customs, Customs House

3) Additional declarations to be stated on the Phytosanitary Certificate:

Date:

2) The Deputy Director/Additional Deputy Director/Quarantine Entomologist/ Quarantine Pathologist, Plant Quarantine Station

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Director/Addl. Director/Deputy Director

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ANEX-2

Additional Conditions for Rice Seed/Paddy Seeds:

The Phytosanitary Certificate should in addition declare that the prior to despatch the seeds should be given hot water treatment at 52°-57° C. for 15 minutes followed by seed dressing with benalate @ 1 gm./1000 gm. of seeds.

Additional Conditions for Wheat Seed:

- 1. The Phytosanitary Certificate must be issued by a rully authorized official of Phytophathological service of the country of origin (India).
- 2. Supplied seed must be certified and should be issued by appropriate government authority (India).
- 3. Point of loading and Point of entry must be mentioned in the import permit.
- 4. The supplied seeds must be free from pest, soil, dust, weed seed and extraneous material.
- 5. The seeds must be free from following diseases:
- i) Powdery mildew Erysiphe graminis;
- ii) Yellow ear rot Anguina tritici corynebacterium tritici;
- iii) Septoria Leaf Blotch Septoria tritice;
- iv) Leaf blight Alternatia triticina;
- v) Molya disease Heterodera avenae;
- vi) Canary grass Phalaris minor.

Additional Conditions for Maize/Corn Seed:

The Phytosanitary Certificate should in addition declare that the seeds were free from bacterial leaf blight (<u>Erwinia stewartii</u>) and that the crop was not infected by Downy mildew caused by any of the following strains of pathogen:-

- Sclerospora philippensis;
- ii) S. sacchari;
- iii) S. maydis;

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iv) Sclerophthora rayssiae var zeae.

Additional Conditions for Raw Cotton:

M/s. must produce a documentary evidence to the effect that (i) The cotton consignment has neither originated from western hemisphere nor has been carried in a ship originating from western hemisphere or carrying American cotton. (ii) In case of non-compliance of the conditions, the whole consignment would be treated as American cotton and would be released after fumigation/treatment. The whole expenditure for fumigation/treatment will be borne by M/s.

Additional Conditions for Potato Germplasm:

1. The Phytosanitary Certificate of the country of origin should in addition declare that crop from which the Potato germplasm is derived was not grown in the vicinity of unhealthy potato crops and was inspected by a duly authorized official of phytopathological services of the country of origin and the mother crop was found free from all injurious inscets, pests, diseases and no case of occurrence of Black wart (Synchytrium and endobioticum), Golden Nematode (Globdera rostochiensis) and

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Colorado potato beetle (*Leptinotarsa dicemlineata*) was recorded within 5 (Five) Kilometer radius of the place where the potato crop was grown during the last twelve months.

Additional Conditions potato seed

- 1. The Phytosanitary Certificate of the country of origin should in addition declare that the seed potatoes from which the consignment is derived was not grown in the vicinity of unhealthy potato crops and was inspected by a duly authorized official of psychopathological service of the country of origin.
- 2. The consignment should be free from all ' jurious in acts, pests and diseases and that no case of occurrence of Black wart (<u>Synchytrium: endo voticum</u>), Golden/Pale Nematode (<u>Globodera rostochiensis</u>), Colorado potato beetle (<u>Leptinotarsa decemlineata</u>) was recorded within 5 (Five) kilometers radius of the places where the potato crop was grown during the last twelve months.
- 3. The potato seeds Consignment should be free from virus diseases except virus X.
- 4. The potato seeds should be declared as certified seed by the competent authority.
- 5. The seeds consignment should be free from shoots, leaves, roots and soil sticking to tubers.
- 6. The import permit (IP) number shall be quoted in the Phytosanitary Certificate.

Additional Conditions for Cauliflower:

- i) The Phytosanitary Certificate should in addition declare that the seeds the free from Black leg disease (Phoma lingam). The Phytosanitary Certificate also declare that the seeds have been effectively treated with an approved fungicide at recommended dose to eliminate the following fungi:
 - i) Alternaria circinaus.
 - ii) Alternaria herculae.

Additional Conditions for Cabbage:

The Phytosanitary Certificate should in addition reclare that the seeds the free from Black leg disease (Phoma lingom). The Phytosanitary Certificate also declare that the seeds have been effectively treated with an approved fungicine of recommended dose to eliminate the following fungic:

- i) Alternaria circinaus.
- ii) Alternaria herculae.

The import permit (IP) number shall be quoted in the Phytosanitary Certificate.

Additional Conditions for Cactus Plants:

- 1. The cactus plants should be from soil and packed in sterile media duly accompanied by a Phytosanitary Certificate stating that the plants in free from the following disease and the Phytosanitary Certificate shall in addition declare that the mother plants from which the tissue has been obtained were indexed for the following virus disease and that the diseases were not present in the nursery:
 - i) Bacterial rot (Erwinia cypripedii)
 - ii) Cymbidium mosaic virus;
 - iii) Cattely flower Break virus.
- 2. The plants shall be subjected to Post Entry Quarantine observation before release.

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Additional Conditions Tomato seed

The tomato seed shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary Certificate stating that the seed are free from the following diseases:

- a) Tomato canker caused by Deploding lycopersici.
- b) Bacterial canker caused by Corynebacterium michiganense.

The Phytosanitary Certificate should in addition declare that the seeds were taken from Plants which were not attached with Tomato bunchy top or potato spindle tuber viroid and non occurrence of this viroid was noticed in the vicinity of area where they were grown.

Additional Conditions Watermelon seed:

The Phytosanitary Certificate should in addition declare that the watermelon seeds have been fumigated with appropriate fumigant at 32 gram/m for 16 hours followed by seed dressing with any approved non-mercuris fungicide at recommended dose.

Additional Conditions for Sunflower Seed:

The Phytosanitary Certificate accompanying the Sunflower seed shall declare that the seeds are free from Downy mildew caused by *Plasmopara halstedii* and mosaic virus disease. The Phytosanitary Certificate shall further state that the seeds were collected from fields where no incidence of Downy mildew and mosaic virus must record during the last growing season.

Additional Conditions for Beet:

The seeds shall be accompanied by a Phytosanitary Certificate stating the seeds are free from Rootrot caused by *Phoma betae* and Beet rust *(Uromyces betae)*.

Additional Conditions for Live Plants:

The consignment should be free from soil, sand, saw dust or earth and packed in sterile media duly accompanied by Phytosanitary Certificate.

The certificate stating that the media used has been sterilized & rendered safe or disinfected.

- 2. The consignment shall be subjected to Post Entry Quarantine before release.
- 3. The import permit (IP) number shall be quoted in the Phytosanitary Certificate.

Additional Conditions for Palm Tree:

- 1. The consignment should be free from soil, sand saw dust or earth and packed in sterile media duly accompanied by Phytosanitary Certificate.
 - The certificate stating that the media used has been sterilized & rendered safe or disinfected.
- 2. The Phytosanitary Certificate should in additional declare that the seeds were collected areas where free from following diseases or other diseases /insects;
 - Cadang cadang;
 - ii) Lethal yellowing;
 - iii) Royal palm bug;
 - iv) Red ring.
- 3. The consignment shall be subjected to Post Entry Quarantine before release.
- 4. The import permit (IP) number shall be quoted in the Phytosanitary Certificate.

Additional Conditions for Orchid:

The accompanying Phytosanitary Certificate Should in Additional declare the rooting media of orchids have been sterilized by the dully authorized officer and the mother plants from which the tissue has been obtained were indexed for the following bacterial and virus diseases;

- i) Bacterial rot (Erwinia cypripedii)
- ii) Cymbidium mosaic virus.
- iii) Cattely flower break virus.

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IMPORT RESTRICTIONS

4. **POTATO:** (Solanum tuberosum)

- (1) Potatoes shall not be imported into Bangladesh by any means from any Country, where the three serious pests, namely, Black wart (Synchytrium enaobic icem), Golden Nematode (Globodera rostochiensis), Colorado potato beetle (Leptinotarsa ecemlineata), have either been prevalent or reported to have occurred unless they are accompabled by Phytosanitary certificate from the country of origin declaring that the crop from which the consignment is derived was not grown in the vicinity of unhealthy potato crops and was inspected by a duly authorized official of phytopathological service of the country of origin and found free from all injurious insects pests and diseases and that no case of occurrence of the insect and diseases mentioned above was recorded within 5 kilometers radius of the place where the potato crop was grown during the past twelve months.
- (2) In order to guard against the importation of the pests and diseases mentioned in sub-rule. (1) the Director shall take the following precautions, namely:-
- (a) as far as possible, import of seed potatoes resistant to wart disease shall be permitted;
- (b) the importation of seed potatoes shall be permitted from those countries where the aforesaid pests and diseases are not present;
- (c) permit import of seed potatoes certified by phytopathological service of the exporting country to have been produced in areas within the country free from all pests and diseases specially mentioned in sub-rule (1)
- (d) seed consignments should be free from shoots, leaves, roots and soil sticking to tubers;
- (e) import of potato seeds should be restricted only to certified seed free from virus diseases except virus x, and
- (f) import of shoots, roots, leaves and green parts of potato shall not be imported:

23. MAIZE: (Zea mays)-

- (1) Importation of maize seeds from N. th, Certai and South America as well as Continental Europe, USSR and China is prohibited due to the presence of Bacterial wilt, Bacterial Leaf blight or Stewart's disease caused by *Erwinia stewartii*. Seed material from countries other than those mentioned above may be allowed if accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the crop was not infected with Downy Mildew caused by any of the following strains of pathogen:-
 - (i) Sclerospora philippensis;
 - (ii) Sclerospora sacchari;
 - (iii) Sclerospora maydis;
 - (iv) Sclerophthora rayssiae var zeae
- (2) Each consignment of maize seeds shall be subject to inspection, fumigation, treatment and post entry quarantine before release.
 - (3) Import of maize plant and seedlings is prohibited.

SOIL AND SOIL ROOTED PLANTS:

The Importation of soil or soil rooted plants or any other unsterilized rooting media, such as, compost, humus or forest litter capable of carrying pathogens is prohibited. Plant roots slhll be free from soil, thoroughly washed and packed in sphagnum, moss, Vermiculite, sawdust or similar inert material before export.

28: COTTON (Gossypium spp)-

- (1) Cotton seed- Cotton seed shall not be imported from western hemisphere and Africa except for experimental purposes by appropriate authority under a valid permit from the Director. The seeds shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate and shall not be imported in quantities exceeding 500 grams in weight in any one consignment and shall be examined and fumigated: The accompanying phytosanitary certificate shall, in addition, declare that the seed and its container have been treated in such a way as to destroy all insect life.

 (2) Raw cotton.-
 - (a) Unginned cotton shall not be imported.
 - (b) No cotton shall be allowed to be imported except under a permit from the Director nor shall it be so imported unless it fulfills the following conditions:-
 - (i) On or before the departure of a ship carrying a consignment of raw cotton for Chittagong port or port of Mongla from the port from where the cotton is consigned, the consignee or shipper shall ascertain the probable date of arrival of the ship at Chittagong Port or Port of Mongla and number of bales contained in the consignment and shall furnish this information to the Director not less than 21 days before the arrival of the ship at Chittagong Port or Port of Mongla;
 - (ii) No vessel carrying American cotton or any other cotton shall enter into the territorial water of Bangladesh without any Anchorage Permit from the Director in Form No. IV for which an application shall be made to the Director at least fourteen days before the expected date of arrival of the vessel;
 - (iii) In case of American cotton arrivin at Chittagong Port or Port of Mongla the hatches of the ships shall be opened in pressure of Plant Quarantine Officer for inspection and disinfection before discharging. The cotton shall thereafter be fumigated by Plant Quarantine Officer in a space within the port protected area provided by the Port authority and approved by the Director;
 - (iv) No vessel shall discharge American cotton during a period of rain, mist or drizzle;
 - (v) Cotton other than American cotton, which is imported in a vessel carrying any bale or bales of American cotton shall be deemed to have been in contact therewith and shall be treated as American cotton and shall be subjected to the restrictions and conditions specified these rules;
 - (vi) Any raw cotton other than American cotton imported without valid import permit from the Director and Phytosanitary certificate from the country of origin or with valid import permit from the Director but without phytosanitary certificate from the country of origin shall be subjected to fumigation before release;
- (3) Samples of American cotton imported by parcel post or as ship or air parcel, not exceeding 10 kilogram per parcel weight shall be handed over to Plant Quarantine Officer by the postal authority for examination and fumigation before release.
- (4) Transit movement or transshipment of American cotton is permitted if shipments are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate and are so packed that insect cannot enter or escape. For the purpose or transshipment, if a part or whole of the consignment equires discharge within the port site or barges, the consignment shall be subjected to restriction, and recognished in these rules.
- (5) Cotton fabrics carried in the same vessel will! American cotton shall be subjected to disinfection and furnigation as specified in these rules before release.

28D, WHEAT (Triticum spp.)-

Importation of wheat seed in bulk from countries where the following diseases or any other disease of obscure origin are known to occur is prohibited, namely:-

Countries where the disease are known to occur	
USA, Canada, Europe, Australia	
and India.	
Egypt, India, Australia and China.	
USA, USSR, UK, China, Australia,	
Pakistan and India	
India	
India	
India	

Provided that importation of wheat seed from such countries may be allowed for seed purposes under import permit granted by the Director, subject to the fulfill ment of the following conditions, namely:-

- (a) the field where the crop is grown and from which the seeds are collected shall be regularly inspected by Plant Quarantine Officer of Bangladesh in collaboration with phytopathological service and seed certification agency of the supplying country throughout the entire growing period till harvest of the crop. Seeds shall be procured only from the fields where no incidence of above diseases has been observed;
- (b) screening cleaning, grading and other relevant tests or the seeds like moisture content and viability shall be conducted in presence of Plant Quarantine Officer of Bangladesh and shall be certified by National Seed Certification Agency and also by plant quarantine service of the country of origin stating that the seeds are free from all injurious pests and diseases including the above;
- (c) the seeds, if in the opinion of Plant Quarantine Officer need to be fumigated or disinfect, shall be fumigated or disinfected in the presence of Plant Quarantine Officer before shipment.
- (d) before loading, the ship's holds shall be thoroughly cleaned and fumigated, if required, in presence of Plant Quarantine Officer who shall, after loading, finally see the hatches. The ship carrying seed consignment shall not be allowed to carry any other merchandise which, in the opinion of Plant Quarantine Officer, might harbor storage pest;
- (e) all travelling expenses of Plant Quarantine Officers, including tile expenditure during the period of their stay abroad, such as, food, board and medical expenses shall be arranged either by importer, shipper or financier.

28 1. FOREST TREE SEEDS:-

- (1) Seeds of forest trees may be imported in limited quantities for the purpose of research or propagation by Forest Research Authorities accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds were free from insect pest and diseases. The seeds shall be free from extraneous materials and shall be fumigated or treated with appropriate fungicide before shipment.
- (2) The consignment shall be subjected to post entry quarantine observation.

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28 .J. FORESTRY PRODUCT-

- (1) The importation of the forestry products, namely, logs posts, poles, railway ties, card wood, slab wood, Lumber (with bark) arid christmas trees shall be made under a valid import permit from the Director. The consignment shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate which shall, in addition, declare that the forestry products are free from Gypsy moth (Lymantria dispar).
- (2) For pine (*Pinus sp.*), Lrch (*larix sp*), Spruce (*Picea sp.*) and Douglas fir (*Psedotsuga sp.*) with twig and branches, the phytosanitary certificate shall, in addition to the declaration under sub-rule (l), state that the trees were free from Scleroderris canker disease (*Gremmeniella abietina*).
- (3) For Oak tree (Quercis sp.), The consignment shall be kiln dried and free from bark and the accompanying phytosanitary certificate shall, in addition to the declaration under sub-rule (I), state that the area or areas from where the oak tree was harvested were free from oak wilt diseases (Certocystis fagacearum).

28 K. FRIJITS: Fresh Fruits-

- (1) Fresh fruits. Namely- Apple, Pear, Peach, Oranges, Grapes, Mangoes and Banana shall not be imported unless, in addition to the compliance with the provisions of quarantine rules & the fruits are certified to have been Fumigated by plant quarantine service of the country of origin to eliminate fruit flies and scale insects.
- (2) Dry fruits, namely-raisins, almond, date, apricot, Monaca, alobokhara and pasta, shall be imported in accordance with the provisions of rules.

28 0, OIL PALM

- (1) Seeds including germinated seeds may be allowed to be imported under a permit from the Director and the consignment shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds were collected from areas where the following diseases or other diseases of obscure origin are not known to occur:-
 - (i) Lethal Yellowing;
 - (ii) Kaincope:
 - (iii) Cadang Cadang;
 - (iv) Bronze Leaf wilt;
 - (v) Coconut Wilt

28 P. SOYBEAN (Glycine max).

- (1) Soybean seeds shall be allowed to be imported and the consignment thereof shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate declaring that the seeds are free from the following pests and diseases:-
 - (i) Soybean mosaic virus;
 - (ii) Tobacco ring spot virus;
 - (iii) Soybean Cyst Nematode (Globodera glycine).
- (2) Soybean seeds shall be subjected to post entry quarantille before release.

VEGETABLE SEEDS.-

Importation of vegetable seeds is restricted to variety or hybrids only which have been recommended by National Seed Board or any other competent authority. Importation of such seeds shall be made crop wise in limited quantities subject to the fulfillment of condition outlined below and shall be subjected to inspection fumigation and treatment and post-entry quarantine before release:-

(1) Beet

The seeds shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds are free from Root rot caused by *Phoma beta* and Beet rust (*Uromyces betae*)

(2) Cabbage and Cauliflower

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Les shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds are free from Leg disease, caused by *Phoma lingon*. The Phomanitary certificate shall also declare that the Leg disease, caused by *Phoma lingon*. The Phomanitary certificate shall also declare that the Leg disease, caused by *Phoma lingon*. The Phomanitary certificate shall also declare that the Leg disease, caused by *Phoma lingon*. The Phomanitary certificate stating that the seeds are free from Leg disease, caused by *Phoma lingon*. The Phomanitary certificate stating that the seeds are free from Leg disease, caused by *Phoma lingon*. The Phomanitary certificate stating that the seeds are free from Leg disease.

(3) CUCUMBER

The seeds shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds are free from Black stem rot caused by *Mycosphaerella melonis* and Cucumber Mosaic virus.

(4) LETTUCF

Seeds shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds are Free from Lettuce Mosaic vurus.

(5) PEA

The seeds shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds are free from Bacterial blight (*Pseudomonas syringae*) and that the seeds were taken from crop grown in an area where Bacterial blight has not been known to occur during the last growing period.

TOMATO

The seeds shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds are free from the following diseases:-

- (i) Tomato canker caused by Diplodina lycopersici;
- (ii) Bacterial canker caused by Corynebacterium michiganense.

The phytosanitary certificate shall, in addition, declare that the seeds were taken from plants which were not attacked with Tomato bunchy top or potato spindle tuber viroid and no occurrence of this viroid was noticed in the vicinity of area where they wer grown.

28 U. SWEET POTATO -

Importation of vegetative planting material (including root) of sweet potato is strictly prohibited, but seeds of such material in small quantities may be allowed for scientific purpose if accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds were collected from fields where stem rot wilt (Fusarium oxysporum) root rot (Plenodomnus destruens) or white rust (Gleosporium ipomoeae) did not occur and the growing crop was found to be free from the following diseases:-

- (i) Sweet potato dwarf;
- (ii) Sweet potato internal cork;
- (iij) Sweet potato feathery mottle;
- (iv) Sweet potato Russet crack.

28 X. FOOD GRAIN.-

- (I) Importation of food grain in bulk. Namely, rice, wheat pulses, dry chilies and oil seeds by Government, local authorities or private entrepreneurs against barter deal. grant or purchase shall be made under a permit from the Director and as per condition\$ laid down therein: Provided that the importer or shipping agency shall notify the arrival of the carrier to the Director and, in case of ship, shall obtain anchorage permit from the Director in Form-iii A
- (2) The Discharge of such commodities shall be subject to the clearance by the Plant Quarantine Officer after necessary examination, fumigation and treatment, if necessary, at the cost of the consignee.
- 28 Y. Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules clating to importation, the Director may at any time prohibit or restrict the importation of any plant and plant products which, in his opinion, may be source of infection or infestation to plants and may, in the case of an emergency. Waive, alter or modify any condition relating to such importation.

ПОСОЛЬСТВО РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ В БАНГЛАДЕШ г. Дакка

Экз. № <u>1</u> Исх. № <u>447</u>О «*О*8» сентября 2015 года

РУКОВОДИТЕЛЮ ФЕДЕРАЛЬНОЙ СЛУЖБЫ ПО ВЕТЕРИНАРНОМУ И ФИТОСАНИТАРНОМУ НАДЗОРУ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ

С.А. ДАНКВЕРТУ

Уважаемый Сергей Алексеевич,

Направляем запрошенную Россельхознадзором информацию относительно фитосанитарных требований, установленных национальным законодательством Бангладеш при импорте растениеводческой продукции.

На направленный нами в Национальную организацию по карантину и защите растений соответствующий запрос, в том числе о зонах, местах и участках производства, свободных от карантинных объектов, которые характерны для семенного и посадочного материала, ответ бангладешской стороны пока не поступил. По его получении будем готовы направить в Ваш адрес дополнительную информацию.

<u>Приложение</u>: упомянутое, на <u>166</u> лл., только в адрес.

С уватения,

ВРЕМЕННЫЙ ПОВЕРЕННЫЙ В ДЕЛАХ РОССИИ В БАНГЛАДЕШ

А.ДАВЫДЕНКО

Отп. 3. экз. АБ/аб 1 – адрес 2 – 2 ДА МИД России 3 – дело 04.09.2015



Plant Quarantine Act, 2011

Act No. V of 2011

[5 April, 2011/22 Chaitra, 1417]

An Act to make provisions, in the context of international traffic in plants and plant products, for preventing the introduction of insects or pests into, and spread thereof within, Bangladesh and for the matters relating to phytosanitary and other measures incidental and ancillary thereto

WHEREAS it is expedient and necessary to make provisions, in the context of international traffic in plants and plant products, for preventing the introduction of insects or pests into, and spread thereof within, Bangladesh and for the matters relating to phytosanitary and other measures incidental and ancillary thereto;

THEREFORE, it is hereby enacted as follows:-

First Chapter Preliminary

- 1. Short title and commencement.- (1) This Act may be called the Plant Ouarantine Act, 2011.
 - (2) It shall come into force at once.
- 2. **Definitions.-** In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context-
 - (1) "import" means to bring anything into Bangladesh from any other country through water, land or air ways;
 - (2) "import permit" means an official certificate issued under section 10 authorizing importation of plants or plant products, beneficial organisms or packing materials subject to compliance of phytosanitary requirements;

- (3) "importer" means any person, organization, agency, institution, proprietor, consignee or agent having possession, superintendence or control of any plants or plant products, beneficial organisms or packing materials which have arrived or are likely to be arrived legally in Bangladesh from any other countries;
- (4) "infestation" or "infection" means the presence of a living pest in a certain plant, plant product or in its packing materials;
- (5) "beneficial organisms" means fungi, bacteria, nematodes, viruses, viruslike organisms including any other similar organisms or invertebrate animals which are utilized for the control of pests, or for pollination, or for the production of commercially valuable agricultural products, and which are, from time to time to, officially declared by the Government to be beneficial to agricultural production;

(6) "phytosanitary certificate" means-

- (a) in case of import, a phytosanitary certificate issued by the competent authority of the country of origin; and
- (b) in case of export, a phytosanitary certificate issued in accordance with the provision of sub-section (3) of section 17 and rules;
- (7) "plant quarantine officer" means a plant quarantine officer appointed under section 8;
- (8) "plants or plant products" means all species of plants or plant products or including seeds any part thereof, whether living or dead, propagative material, germplasm, or any other products of plant origin, whether processed or not, which are, by their nature or by processing, capable of carrying, infecting and spreading pests;
- (9) "containment" means the application of phytosanitary measures in and around an infected area to prevent the spread of a quarantine pest;
- (10) "Authority" means the National Plant Quarantine Authority mentioned in section 3;

- (11) "transit" means transportation of plants or plant products, beneficial organisms or packing materials from one country to another through Bangladesh under phytosanitary measures and quarantine procedure;
- (12) "controlled area" means an area to be declared as controlled area under section 21;
- (13) "packing materials" means the materials used in packing for containing or preserving plants or plant products, pests or beneficial organisms;
- (14) "inspection" means visual examination of plants or plant products or packing materials to determine the presence of pests or to ensure that phytosanitary requirements are being complied with;
- (15) "post-entry quarantine" means, after entry into Bangladesh, official confinement of plants or plant products for conducting quarantine activities of observation, research, inspection or treatment of the plants or plant products, and prohibitions imposed by a plant quarantine officer on consignment of such plants or plant products;
- (16) "crops" means any agricultural, horticultural, medicinal and fiber crops, and all kinds of plants, herbs and shrubs and any type of plants or plant products having economic importance;
- (17) "conveyance" means all kinds of vehicles, either self propelled or not or driven by animal or human, which are able to carry plants or plant products, pests, beneficial organisms or packing materials from one place to another through land, water and airways;
- (18) "disinfestation" or "disinfection" means any scientific measures applied for the purpose of extirpating or reducing any infestation or infection by insects or pest that occurs or may occur on, in or amongst plants or plant products;
- (19) "pests" means any form of plants or species of living animals, strain or biotype, or any pathogenic agent other than beneficial organisms capable of injuring plants or plant products or beneficial organisms directly or indirectly, and also includes living modified organisms (LMO), alien invasive species and weeds;

- (20) "rules" means the rules made under the provision of this Act; and
- (21) "export" means taking out anything legally from Bangladesh to any other country through land, sea or airways.

Second Chapter

National Plant Quarantine Authority and Its Functions

- 3. National Plant Quarantine Authority.- (1) For the purposes of this Act, the Government shall establish an authority to be called the National Plant Quarantine Authority.
- (2) The Director, Plant Protection Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension, shall be deemed to be the National Plant Quarantine Authority and shall exercise all the powers of the Authority under this Act until an independent National Plant Quarantine Authority is established under sub-section (1).
- (3) All the officers and employees of the Plant Protection Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension shall act as the officers and employees of the Authority until a seperate organization established under sub-section (1).
- 4. **Powers and functions of the Authority.-** The powers and functions of the Authority shall be as follows:-
 - (a) to regulate the import of plants or plant products, beneficial organisms and packing materials for preventing the introduction of quarantine pests into Bangladesh from other countries;
 - (b) to regulate the export of plants or plant products, pests, beneficial organisms and packing material according to the phytosanitary requirements of the importing country in consistence with international agreements;
 - (c) to inspect and supervise the consignments of plants or plant products, beneficial organisms and packing materials which are in international traffic and may incidentally be used as carriers of pests;
 - (d) to inspect growing plants, areas under cultivation, and plants or plant products remaining in storage or in transit and to take regulatory measures in order to prevent the outbreak and spread of pests;
 - (e) to make arrangement for issuing phytosanitary certificates in accordance with the phytosanitary requirements of the importing countries;

- (f) to conduct treatment formalities for disinfestation or disinfection of pests of the consignments of plants or plant products and their containers, packing materials, conservation stores or conveyances;
- (g) to regulate the introduction of beneficial organisms;
- (h) to declare any infected area as a "controlled area";
- (i) to conduct activities regarding post-entry quarantine of plants or plant products and to implement the phytosanitary measures;
- (j) to conduct pest risk analysis and pest risk management;
- (k) to undertake regular review and revision of lists of plants or plant products, pests and beneficial organisms, the importation of which is prohibited and restricted into Bangladesh, with a view to updating and harmonizing phytosanitary measures;
- (l) to exchange technical information, opinion and report with recognized international, regional or other national plant protection organizations and to keep abreast of the latest advancements in the field of plant protection and quarantine;
- (m) to conduct activities regarding diagnostics, detection and identification of particular pests;
- (n) to conduct activities regarding promotion and control of integrated pest management in Bangladesh;
- (o) to comply with the international agreements, protocols, conventions, etc. on phytosanitary measures, of which Bangladesh is a party or a signatory country, and to conduct implementation activities thereof, and to follow, conduct and coordinate the activities regarding conservation of plant biodiversity;
- (p) to undertake risk analysis of the transboundary movements of genetically modified organisms (GMOs), living modified organisms (LMOs) and alien invasive species and their introduction and to control them;
- (q) to undertake surveys and surveillance on plant quarantine pests present in Bangladesh and to conduct plant quarantine research;
- (r) to preserve pest related information about plants or plant products within Bangladesh, information about preventive and controlling measures of their infestation and infection and information of the matters relating thereto;
- (s) to take the following measures if there is reasonable grounds to believe that an offence has been, is being or is about to be committed under this Act or any conditions of import permit or phytosanitary certificate is being breached, such as:-
 - (i) to collect extract from the register and record kept under the custody of the concerned person, and to seize and keep

- the registers under its custody for a certain period if required to prove the offence;
- (ii) to search the body of a person, or to search, examine and seize any materials carried by the person or conveyance at the time of entry and exit of Bangladesh;
- (iii) to prohibit the distribution, sale or use of any plants or plant products for a certain period;
- (t) to maintain and develop plant quarantine laboratories; and
- (u) to do any other act as may be assigned to it by the Government.
- 5. Delegation of powers by the Authority.- For the purposes of this Act, the Authority may delegate any of its powers to the plant quarantine officers or any other officer working under the Authority.
- 6. Prohibition or restriction on import and export of plants or plant products, etc.- (1) The import or export of any plants or plant products which have the potential threat to introduce any pest into plants and plant products may be prohibited, restricted or otherwise controlled subject to the conditions mentioned in the import or export policy order issued by the Government, from time to time, under the Imports and Exports (Control) Act, 1950 (Act No. XXXIX of 1950).
- (2) For the purposes of this Act, the powers of the customs officers to impose restrictions on import and export, from time to time, under the Customs Act, 1969 (Act No. IV of 1969) may be exercised in the case of import and export of plants and plant products and packaging materials, and accordingly the provisions of the said Act shall have effect in this behalf.
- 7. Regulations of plants or plant products for quarantine.- All the plants or plant products confined or confiscated for quarantine shall remain under the custody of the plant quarantine officer and he shall take necessary measures in the manner prescribed by rules for the purposes of quarantine of such plants or plant products.
- 8. Appointment of plant quarantine officer.- The Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint such number of officers of Plant Protection Wing of

the Department of Agricultural Extension as plant quarantine officers as may be required for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

Chapter Three

Import and Export

- 9. Prohibition against import.- (1) No importer shall, without an import permit, import any plant or plant product, beneficial organism, soil or packing materials into Bangladesh.
- (2) The Authority may, with prior sanction of the Government, from time to time, prescribe the procedure for importing plants or plant products.
- (3) The Authority may, with approval of the Government, by notification in the official Gazette, from time to time, exempt certain plants and plant products from the conditions of import.
- 10. Permit and certificate.- (1) Plants or plant products, beneficial organisms or packing materials shall not be imported into Bangladesh without an import permit and certificate issued by the Authority.
- (2) Any plant or plant product, beneficial organism or packing material shall be imported into Bangladesh only through a designated point of entry, and upon notification for importation, the import permit issued against the consignment and the phytosanitary certificate issued by the National Plant Protection Authority of the exporting country shall have to be submitted to the concerned plant quarantine officer for examination.
- (3) On the import permit, there shall have a description regarding the type of treatment to be applied on the plants or plant products, if imported, or other measures, including post-entry quarantine for ascertaining phytosanitary before or after importation of plants or plant products.

- 11. Correction, cancellation, etc. of import permit and certificate.- The Authority may, on reasonable grounds,-
 - (a) cancel an import permit and certificate issued; and
 - (b) alter or correct it at any time.
- 12. Notification to plant quarantine officer.- (1) If any person, with or without his consent, receives any plants or plant products, beneficial organisms or packing materials from outside Bangladesh, he shall notify it to the nearest plant quarantine officer.
- (2) The plant quarantine officer shall, upon examination thereof, make arrangement for their release or destruction or treatment or disposal.
- 13. Inspection.- The person who transports or stores any plant or plant product, beneficial organism or packing material or is in charge of the conveyance or the store shall be bound to make the conveyance or store and its contents available for inspection and treatment, if required, in accordance with the order of a plant quarantine officer.
- 14. Examination and sample collection.- Any importer shall, on demand by a plant quarantine officer, be bound to allow him to examine and collect sample from the imported materials.
- 15. Movement of container.- No plant or plant product, pest, beneficial organism or packing material under examination of a plant quarantine officer shall be moved or no container shall be opened, except in accordance with the permission of the plant quarantine officer:

Provided that this provision shall be relaxable for an officer of customs or of the post office.

16. Seizure of plants or plant products harbouring pests.- If any plant or plant product, which is suspected of harbouring any pest, is imported into Bangladesh or remains in transit through Bangladesh or is transported from one part of Bangladesh to another in contravention of the provisions of this Act, the plant or plant product may be seized or, as the

case may be, refused to entry, destroyed, moved or treated, or any other necessary phytosanitary measures may be taken.

- 17. Pre-export examination.- (1) In case of export of plants or plant products, each and every consignment shall have to be examined by the plant quarantine officer.
- (2) Each consignment of plants or plant products submitted for export shall be examined by a plant quarantine officer in such manner as may be prescribed by rules in accordance with the phytosanitary requirements of the importing country.
- (3) If the consignment submitted deems to be fit for issuance of a phytosanitary certificate, the plant quarantine officer shall issue a phytosanitary certificate in such manner as may be prescribed by rules.
- **18. Prohibition against export.-** (1) No exporter shall export any plant or plant product without a phytosanitary certificate issued by the Authority.
- (2) The Authority may, with prior approval of the Government, from time to time, prescribe the procedure for exportation of plants or plant products.
- (3) The Authority may, with approval of the Government, by notification in the official Gazette, from time to time, exempt certain plants or plant products from the conditions for export.

Fourth Chapter

Containment and Eradication of Pests

- 19. Containment or eradication of pests.- The Authority may, with prior approval of the Government, by notification in the official Gazette, restrict or prohibit the entry, introduction, sale, cultivation, multiplication or transportation of any plant or plant product, pest, genetically modified organism, living modified organism and alien invasive species, beneficial organism, germplasm, packing material or any similar material capable of harbouring and spreading pests.
- **20. Declaration regarding quarantine pest.-** (1) If any pest presents, or is likely to be present or is a threat to the production of crops or to the trade in plants or plant products, to the beneficial organisms or to the natural environment, and if any pest which presents in Bangladesh is considered to be necessary for confinement or eradication, the Authority may, by notification in the official Gazette, declare such pest as a quarantine pest.
- (2) The occupier or owner of any land or premises on which a pest is found and identified as, or suspected to be, a quarantine pest shall notify it to the nearest plant quarantine officer.
- 21. To declare the infected area as a controlled area.— The Authority may, by notification in the official Gazette, undertake the following measures for conducting plant quarantine activities, such as:-
 - (a) to declare any area in Bangladesh, which is infected or reasonably suspected of being infected with any pest, as an infected area;
 - (b) to declare any land or premises, which is infected or suspected of being infected with any pest, as an area controlled under quarantine;
 - (c) to conduct treatment measures for the plants or plant products or packing materials, and the conveyances or the storage areas suspected of being infected in order to eradicate or limit the spread of pests;
 - (d) to prohibit, restrict and control the cultivation and harvesting of crops for the whole or any part of an infected place under quarantine area by the

plant quarantine officer, if it appears to the officer that the pest cannot instantly be controlled or eradicated by taking phytosanitary measures, and in this behalf to prescribe the period within which such prohibition, restriction and control shall have effect.

- 22. Written notice.- (1) If a plant quarantine officer is confirmed that a quarantine pest is present at any place, the officer may issue a written notice to the owner or occupier of such place, and order the owner or occupier of the land or premises to complete necessary phytosanitary measures for eradication and containment of pests and for limiting spread thereof within a period specified in the notice.
- (2) If an owner or occupier of the land or premises does not comply or is unable to comply with any condition of the notice issued under sub-section (1) within the period specified in such notice, any plant quarantine officer may enter into the land or premises and, by issuing a written notice, take necessary measures for phytosanitary.
- (3) The plant quarantine officer shall regularly review the condition of the land or premises remaining under quarantine measures and when he is confirmed that the relevant pest has been eradicated and there is no necessity to continue the quarantine restrictions in respect of the land or any part thereof, he shall, by issuing a notice, conveyed it to the owner or occupier of the land mentioning the date from which the land is no longer under quarantine restrictions.
- 23. Assistance.- All officers of Customs, Coast Guard, Police Department, Border Guard Bangladesh, Postal Department, Port Authorities, Civil Aviation Authorities, Railway Department, Shipping Agencies, Airlines and such other institutions shall assist to prevent the activities repugnant to this Act and extend necessary cooperation to the plant quarantine officer in exercising powers and performing duties under this Act.
- 24. Compensation.- (1) Where any plant or plant product or other material is destroyed for taking necessary measures to eradicate, contain or limit the spread of a quarantine pest, the Government may, subject to the provision of sub-section (2), depending on the supply

and availability of fund, give compensation for the plants, plant products or similar other materials destroyed to the owner thereof.

- (2) No person shall be entitled to get compensation under sub-section (1) if the measures has been taken for remedy, and the damage occurs due to inattentiveness of the concerned person or for his failure to comply with the instructions given lawfully or for the contravention of the provisions of this Act.
- (3) Subject to the prior approval of the Government, the Authority may, by notification in the official Gazette, determine the amount of compensation by analyzing and considering its overall circumstances.
- 25. In the case of seizure, notification to the owner.- Where any plant quarantine officer takes steps to seize, keep waiting for, prohibit entry of, return, treat, remove or destroy any plant or plant product, he shall, as soon as possible, notify the owner about the steps taken and the reasons of taking such steps.

Fifth Chapter

Offences and Punishments

- 26. Offences.- If any person, company or organization, either personally or through any employee or agent, does any of the following acts or violates any provision of the Act, such act or violation shall be deemed to be an offence under this Act, such as:-
 - to import into, or export from Bangladesh any plant or plant product, pest,
 beneficial organism, soil or packing material prohibited under this Act;
 - (b) to produce, possess, sell, advertise for sale, transport or distribute any prohibited plant or plant product, pest, beneficial organism, soil or packing material knowingly;
 - (c) to contravene any condition of the notice issued under section 22;

- (d) to impede, prevent or intimidate any plant quarantine officer in performing his duties;
- (e) to refuse or neglect to comply with any order or direction made or given under this Act;
- (f) to disobey or ignore to comply with the direction given under section 13, 14 and 15;
- (g) to knowingly or recklessly provide any information which is false in material for the purpose of obtaining any permit or certificate or for the purpose of complying the provisions of this Act wrongfully; and
- (h) to alter or tamper any document submitted to or issued by the plant quarantine officer.
- 27. Offences committed by the company, etc. Where an offence under this Act is committed by a company, every director, partner, chief executive, manager, secretary or any other officer or employee or representative who has direct involvement with the offence shall be deemed to have committed the offence unless he proves that the offence has been committed without his knowledge or he tried his level best to prevent the offence.

Explanation: Under this section-

- (a) "company" means any company, statutory body, commercial organization, partnership business, society or any organization consisting of more than one person; and
- (b) "director", in case of any commercial organization, means any of its partner, or member of the Board of Directors.
- 28. Trial by Magistrates.- All the offences under this Act shall be trialed by any Judicial Magistrate of the first class or any Metropolitan Magistrate.
- 29. Cognizance of Offences.- No court shall take cognizance of an offence punishable under this Act except upon a written complaint made by any plant quarantine officer.

- 30. Offences to be non-cognizable and bailable.- All offences under this Act shall be non-cognizable and bailable.
- 31. Punishment.- (1) Any person who commits an offence referred to in section 26 shall be punished with imprisonment for a term not exceeding 2 (two) years, or with a fine not exceeding taka 5,00,000 (five lac) or with both.
 - (2) All money and profit accrued from the prohibited products may be confiscated.
- 32. Disposal of confiscated property.- (1) If any product is confiscated under this Act, the product, except the one which has to be destroyed, may be sold by open auction or in any other commercially profitable legal way, or may be disposed of by any other means.
- (2) The money accrued from sale or disposal by any other means under sub-section (1) shall be credited to the government treasury.
- 33. Special power of Magistrates for imposing punishment.- Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, any Judicial Magistrate of the first class, or a Metropolitan Magistrate may impose any of the punishments referred to in section 31.
- 34. Appeal against administrative orders, etc.- (1) If a recipient of any permit or certificate is aggrieved by any written order issued under this Act, the aggrieved person may prefer appeal against the order for relief, within 15 days from the date of receiving such notice, to-
 - (a) the Authority, if the order is issued by a plant quarantine officer; and
 - (b) the Government, if the order is issued by the Authority.
- (2) If any appeal is preferred under sub-section-(1), it shall be disposed of within a period not exceeding 90 (ninety) days from the date of preferring such appeal.

Sixth Chapter

Miscellaneous

- 35. Fees and charges.- The Government may, from time to time, determine fees and charges for inspection, examination or treatment of plants or plant products, beneficial organisms or packing materials and may also determine the procedure of collecting such fees and charges.
- 36. Incurring expenditure.- If an importer imports any plant or plant product, beneficial organism or packing material violating the conditions mentioned in the import permit, the importer shall incur all the expenses for the treatment or removal or destruction of the imported things.
- 37. Indemnity.- No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Authority or any plant quarantine officer or the Government on the ground that any person is affected or likely to be affected by anything which is done in good faith by the Authority or the plant quarantine officer or the Government under this Act or rules made thereunder.
- 38. Removal of ambiguity.- If any ambiguity arises in case of application of any provision of this Act for its obscurity, the Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, remove such ambiguity subject to its being consistent with the provisions of this Act.
- 39. Power to make rules.- (1) The Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, make rules to carry out the purposes of this Act.
- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of sub-section (1), such rules may also provide for the following matters, namely:-
 - (a) procedures for detection of pests which are likely to be introduced into Bangladesh being transmitted with plants or plant products or packing materials;

- (b) determination of entry or exit points of importation and exportation and the matters relating to establishment of plant quarantine stations;
- (c) obligations to be complied with by the plant quarantine officers in exercising their powers;
- (d) matters relating to inspection, supervision, treatment, destruction and removal;
- (e) procedures for submission of applications for obtaining import permits or certificates, disposal thereof and for preferring appeal and disposal of appeal;
- (f) matters relating to phytosanitary certificates;
- (g) matters relating to declaration of controlled areas and payment of compensation;
- (h) matters relating to training, establishment of laboratories and security systems;
- (i) procedure of collection of fees and charges; and
- (j) any such other matters as may be required under this Act.
- 40. Publication of Authentic English Text.- After the commencement of this Act, the Government shall, as soon as possible, by notification in the official Gazette, publish an Authentic English Text of this Act:

Provided that in the event of conflict between the original Bangla Text and the English Text, the Bangla Text shall prevail.

41. Repeal and Savings. - The Destructive Insects and Pests Act, 1914 (Act No. II of 1914), hereinafter referred to as the said Act, is hereby repealed. Notwithstanding such repeal, any act done or action taken under the said Act shall be deemed to have been done or taken under this Act.

THE GAZETTE OF PAKISTAN, JANUARY 27, 1967

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND WORKS (FOOD AND AGRICULTURE DIVISION)

Islamabad, the 2nd January, 1967

S.R.O. 129(K)/67

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub- section (1) of Section 3, Section 4A and 4D of the Destructive Insect and Pests Act, 1914 (II of 1914) and in supersession of all other rules, orders and notifications in these behalf, the Central Government is pleased to make the following rules, namely:-

- (1) These rules may be called the Destructive Insects and pests Rules,
 1966 (Plant Quarantine).
 - (2) They shall come into force at once.
- 2. Definition-¹ [" (1) In these rules"] unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context-
 - (a) " Act" means the Destructive Insects and Pests Act, 1914 (II of 1914);
 - (b) " American Cotton" means all cotton produced in any part of the western hemisphere (North, South and Central America and adjoining islands);
 - (c) "Bale" means any pressed package of cotton ² ["or cotton fabric, jute or jute products"] of whatever size or density.

Subs. ibid., for " In these rules" by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

1. Inserted.

- Carrier" means any ship or container, boat, train, aircraft or road transport carrying plant and plant products".]
 - (d) "Cotton" includes ginned cotton and droppings, strippings, fly and other waste products of a cotton mill other than yarn waste, but does not include cotton seed or unginned cotton;
- ² [" (e) " Department" means the Plant Protection Wing of the Department of Agricultural Extension under the Ministry of Agriculture;]
- ³ ["(ee) " Deputy Director (Quarantine)" means the Deputy Director in charge of the Plant Quarantine Section of the Department"]
 - (f) "Director" means the Director of the Department;
 - (g) "Disease" means any pathological or abnormal condition of a plant caused by insects, mites, nematodes, protozoa, fungi, ⁴ ["bacteria, virus, viroids, mollusca and mycoplasma"] recognizable by the presence of symptoms or of the organism inciting it;
 - (h) "Disinfestation or disinfection" means any scientific treatment applied for the purpose of destroying or reducing any infection or infestation that may occur on, in or amongst ⁵ ["plant products"]

Inserted by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

Sub. Ibid. for "Department" means the Department of Locust Warning and Plant Quarantine, under the Ministry of Agriculture & Works (Agriculture Division)".

³ Inserted.

⁴ Inserted.

Subs. for the words "Plant material".

- (i) "Exporter" includes any person who, whether as owner, consignor, agent or broker, is in possession of, or in any way entitled to, the custody or control of the ¹ ["plant and plant product"]
- (j) "Forms" means a Form annexed to these rules;
- (k) "Importer" includes any person who, whether as owner, consignee, agent or broker, is in possession of, or in any way entitled to, the custody or control of the ¹["plant and plant products"]
- (1) ²["Phytosanitary certificate"] means a certificate of plant health granted by the appropriate officer or authority in the country of origin;
- (m) "Plant pest" means any living animal or plant in any stage of its development known, suspected or liable to be harmful to the existence or growth of economic plants or to ¹["plant products"] whether by direct ³[" infestation or infection") or attack or by causing or spreading diseases in economic plants and known to ⁴["infest or infect"] land or water thereby preventing or obstructing its possible agricultural uses.
- (n) ¹[" Plant or Plant products"] means all species of plants or parts thereof, whether living or dead, including stems, branches, tubers, bulbs, corms, stocks, bud wood, cuttings, layers, slips, suckers, roots, leaves, flowers, fruits, seeds, seedlings and any other products of plant origin, ⁵[" Whether processed or not, which is likely to harbour and carry plant pests");

Subs. for the words" plant material" by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

Subs. for the words "Official certificate"

³ Subs. for the words "infestation".

Subs. for the words " infest".

Subs. for the words " which has not been processed, such as bark, husk and peelings".

- ¹ [(nn) " Plant Quarantine" means the effort to prevent entry, establishment or spread of a foreign pest in the country through legal restriction on the movement of plant and plant products,"]
 - (o) "Plant Quarantine Officer" means any person authorized in writing by the Director to act on his behalf.
- ² [(p) "Post entry quarantine" means the process to detect the presence and development of any pest associated with imported plant and plant products during growth period under controlled ecological condition;"
 - (q) "Prescribed port or point of entry" means the routes authorized by the Director for entry or exit of plant and plant products, such as, Chittagong Seaport, Mongla seaport, Chittagong Airport, Zia International Airport, Dhaka, Sylhet Osmani Airport, Darsana Railway Station, Benapole land border checkpost and such other land, sea or air routes as may be declared by the Director from time to time, for the said purpose;
 - (r) "Transit" means arrival in Bangladesh of plant or plant products from one foreign country destined for transportation to another, whether transhipped from one carrier to another whatever be the duration of the temporary stay of the consignment in Bangladesh;
 - (s) "Weed" means any species of plant, known suspected or liable to be harmful to crops, plantations, individual plants of economic value, plant products, cultivable land or water system, whether by its mere presence or through its biological activity;"]
- ³ [(t) * * * * * * * * * *]
 - All provisions referring to plant or ⁴ [" plant products"] shall apply also to all packing material used in packing or wrapping such plant or ⁴ [" plant products"];

Inserted by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

² Subs. for sub-rule (p), (q),(r), (s).

³ Omitted

⁴ Subs for the words " plant material".

IMPORT

3. IMPORT OF PLANT OR ¹ ["PLANT PRODUCTS"]

No person shall import any plant or ¹["plant products"] which may be a source or medium of infection or infestation by diseases and plant pests destructive to agriculture or medium for the introduction of noxious weeds, except under a valid import permit obtained prior to such importation in

²["Form 1A"] issued by the Director or the ³ [" Deputy Director (Quarantine)"] and except through the prescribed ports or points of entry.

[4. PLANT PRODUCTS FOR WHICH SPECIAL PERMIT IS REQUIRED.

- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 3, plants and plant products likely to carry any new pest or disease may be imported for research or propagation purpose in limited quantities on special consideration by a permit issued by the Director in Form 1A;
- (2) Importation of plants and plant products under this rule shall be made only through Chittagong Port,Port of Mongla, Zia International Airport, Dhaka, Chittagong Airport or Benapole Land border checkpost and shall be subject to such condition as may be specified in the permit with regard to such importation and post entry quarantine,"]

¹ Subs. for ' plant material' by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

² Subs. for Form-1

³ Subs. for ' Quarantine Entomologist'.

⁴ Subs. for rule '4'

5. APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO IMPORT PLANT OR ¹["PLANT PRODUCTS"]

- ² [(1) For the purpose of import of any plant or plant products the importer shall, prior to entering into any contract with supplier and opening of letter of Credit submit an application in 'Form' to the Director or Deputy Director (Quarantine) for an import permit"]
 - (2) All such applications shall be signed by the person who intends to import the plant or1 ["plant products] or his duly authorized agent and shall specify:
 - (a) the kind and quantity of plant or ¹["plant products"]
 - (b) the country and locality of origin
 - (c) destination
 - (d) the name and address of the consigner and the consignee;
 - (e) means of transport;
 - (f) the prescribed port or point of entry;
 - (g) purpose for which the plant or ¹["plant products"] is proposed to be imported e.g. consumption, propagation or processing.

6. NOTICE OF ARRIVAL BY THE IMPORTER

The importer shall inform the Director or the Plant Quarantine

Officer of the probable date of arrival of the plant or ¹["plant products"] at the prescribed port or point of entry and shall on arrival of the plant or ¹["plant products"] notify to the Director the number of the permit, name of ship or vessel, date of arrival, country of origin and locality where grown, and the character and quantity of the plant or ¹["plant products"]

¹ Subs. for the word "plant material" by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

² Subs. for sub-rule (1)

REFUSAL & REVOCATION OF PERMITS:-7.

A permit to import plant ["plant products"] may be revoked if, in the opinion of the Director or the ²["Deputy Director (Quarantine)"], the importer has wilfully contravened any provision of these rules or there is reason to believe that the plant or ["plant product"] will be imported in violation of the provisions of these rules.

- 8. 3 [" PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATE FOR IMPORTABLE PLANT AND PLANT PRODUCTS".]
 - 4[(1)]All plants and plant products shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate from the country of origin"].
 - 5 [(2)
 - 6[(3) Persons who import any plant or plant products shall submit the Phytosanitary certificate of the country of origin to the Plant Quarantine Officer for his perusal and record but this will not preclude inspection by the Plant Quarantine Officer, if such inspection is deemed necessary"];
 - 7[(4) *]

Subs. for 'Plant material' by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

² Subs. for ' Quarantine Entomologist'.

Subs. ibid for 'Foreign certificate for inspection

Subs. for sub-rule (1)

⁵ Omitted

⁶ Subs. for sub-rule (3)

⁷ Omitted.

- Any consignment arriving at any prescribed port or point of entry accompanied by a valid Phytosanitary certificate, fulfilling plant quarantine requirements of Bangladesh in respect of specific commodity but without import permit may be released at the Director's discretion after post-entry quarantine examination and issuance of a special order in Form III.
 - (6) Plants and plant products imported under a valid import permit from the Director but without Phytosanitary certificate shall either be released at the Director's discretion after necessary fumigation or treatment, or returned to the Shipper or confiscated and destroyed at the expenses of the consignee.
 - (7) Small consignments of plants and plant products, namely cut flower, flower bouquet, small quantities of fruits, fresh or dried, and vegetable carried by passengers as accompanied baggage for personal consumption, accompanied or unaccompanied with Phytosanitary certificate and import permit, shall, after realization of prescribed fees and treatment charges, where treatment is necessary, be released, if, on examination by plant Quarantine Officer on duty, they appear to be substantially free from injurious pests and diseases.
 - (8) Consignments arriving without necessary additional declaration, where such declaration is required in the Phytosanitary certificate from the competent authority of the country of origin and without Import Permit from the director or Deputy Director (Quarantine)

Shall be confiscated and destroyed after making an order in form II"]

¹ Subs. ibid for sub-rule (5), (6) and (7) by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪-আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

1 9. FREEDOM OF PALNT AND PLANT PRODUCTS FROM SAND, SOIL OR EARTH-

All imported plants and plant products shall be free from sand, soil, sawdust or earth and plant roots, rhizomes and tubers shall be washed thoroughly and repacked in such sand, soil saw dust or other planting media as shall be certified as additional declaration in the phytosanitary certificate by the duly authorized officer of plant Quarantine Service of the exporting country to have been sterilized and rendered safe or disinfected.

- 10. PACKING MATERIAL- Packing material, for example, hay, straw, chaff, wooden plank or pit employed in the importation of nursery stock and other plants, including any material of plant or plant origin or any commodities other than plant origin, shall not be used for packing purposes unless they are rendered free from pests and diseases by appropriate treatment and certified accordingly in the phytosanitary certificate by the authorized officer of plant Quarantine service of the country of origin as to their safety for such use.
 - 11. PLANTS AND PLANT PRODUCTS IMPORTED BY POST-
 - (1) Import of plants and plant products through post parcel shall be made in accordance with the provisions of rule 3 and sub-rule (1) and (3) of rule.
- (2) On arrival of plants and plant products at the foreign post office the postal authority shall inform and hand over such parcel to the Director or Plant Quarantine Officer concerned who shall conduct necessary examination, render appropriate treatments, if required, and issue a release order in Form-III after realizing necessary fees.
- (3) No such parcel shall be released by the postal authority without a release order from the Director or plant Quarantine Officer, as the case may be, Plants and plant products imported through parcel in violation of these rules shall be handled in accordance with rule 8 and decision for disposal thereof shall be intimated to the foreign post office and the consignee."];

¹ Subs. for Rule (9), (10) and (11) by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

- 12. IMPORTATION OF INSECTS AND OTHER ANIMALS, PESTS, PLANT
 DISEASES AND CULTURES FOR SCIENTIFIC AND ALLIED PURPOSES:
 - (1) No person shall import from any country any harmful living insects, animals, birds, fungi, Fungus culture ¹[" bacterial culture, viral culture, mycoplasma culture"],obnoxious weed plants or their propagating material except in accordance with the following provisions, namely:-

Any living stage of the numerous small invertebrate animals, elongated invertebrates lacking appendages, commonly referred to as worms, for example, nematodes; any form of protozoa, any form of fungi such as rusts, smuts and molds, any form of bacteria, any form of viruses, or any form of similar or allied organisms which may directly or indirectly affect, injure or cause disease in plants, unless-

- (a) the proposed importation is to be used for scientific educational, commercial, or industrial purposes only;
- (b) an application is submitted to the Director stating the names and addresses of the consignor and consignee, the scientific name of pests or diseases, the institution or place of origin, quantity, number of containers, the purpose of the importation and the name and address of the person by whom or the institution where the material will be used;
- ²["(c) The importation is routed only through Chittagong Seaport or Zia

 International Airport, Dhaka or such other port as may be decided by the Director;"]
 - (d) the forwarding label issued with the permit designating the route through which the importation is permitted has been forwarded by the importer to the shipper and ³[" affixed on the body"] of each consignment; and

[।] Inserted by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

² Subs.

³ Subs. for the words " attached to the outside"

- (e) Every importation authorized under this sub-rule is subject to inspection at the prescribed port or point of entry and may be held for further examination and refused entry or destroyed if, in the opinion of the plant Quarantine Officer, such importation is found to include insects or other Organisms not specifically covered by the permit.
- (2) No person shall import exotic beneficial insects, birds, animals both vertebrate and invertebrate (Mollusca, Crustacea, Myriopoda Insecta) for scientific, educational, industrial or medicinal purposes except under, and in accordance with the terms of, and authority from the Director.
- (3) No person shall import useful exotic plant species including useful microorganisms and their propagating material unless he has obtained the prior permission of the Director and the articles imported are covered by a ["Phytosanitary certificate"]
- 13. JURISDICTION AND AUTHORITY OF ² ["PLANT QUARANTINE ORRICER"]
 - (1) Where on inspection, any imported plant or 3 [" plant products"] is found to be infested or infected with any plant pests or diseases the plant or 3[" plants products"] and containers there of shall be destroyed in the presence of the plant Quarantine Officer or returned to the shipper after treatment, at the discretion of the Director, and where any carrier is found to be infested with any pests or is suspected to be so infested, it shall be treated to the extent and in the manner deemed necessary by the Plant Quarantine Officer. When any such action is necessary due notice shall be given to the owner or his agent and any risks associated with such treatment shall be the responsibility of the owner.
 - (2) No person shall obstruct an Officer of the Department in the due discharge of his duties; and no person shall refuse to permit the making of any examination required under these rules or refuse to carry out the instructions of an Officer relative to the effective control of any insect pests and diseases.

¹ Subs. for the words 'Official certificate' by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪-আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

² Subs. for the word ' Quarantine Officer'

³ Subs. for the word ' plant material'.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS OR PROHIBITIONS

14. POTATO: (Solanum tuberosum)

- (1) Potatoes shall not be imported into ¹[" Bangladesh "] by any means from any country, where the three serious pests, namely, Black wart
- (Synchytrium endobioticum), Golden Nematode (²["Globodera"] rostochiensis), Colorado potato beetle (Leptinotarsa decemlineata), have either been prevalent or reported to have occurred unless they are accompanied by ³ [" Phytosanitary certificate"] from the country of origin declaring that the crop from which the consignment is derived was not grown in the vicinity of unhealthy potato crops and was inspected by a duly authorised official of phytopathological service of the country of origin and found free from all injurious insects pests and diseases and that 4["no case of occurrence of the insect"] and diseases mentioned above was recorded within ⁵ [" 5 kilometers"] radius of the place where the potato crop was grown during the past twelve months.
- (2) In order to guard against the importation of the pests and diseases mentioned in sub-rule. (1) the Director shall take the following precautions, namely:-
 - (a) as far as possible, import ⁶[* * * *] of seed potatoes resistant to wart disease shall be permitted;
 - (b) the importation of seed potatoes shall be permitted from those countries where the aforesaid pests and diseases are not present;
 - ⁷["(c) permit import of seed potatoes certified by phytopathological service of the exporting country to have been produced in areas within the country free from all pests and diseases specially mentioned in sub-rule (1)"]
 - (d) seed consignments should be free from shoots, leaves, roots and soil sticking to tubers;
 - (e) import of potato seeds should be restricted only to certified seed free from virus diseases except virus x, and
 - (f) import of shoots, roots, leaves and green parts of potato shall not be imported;

¹ Subs. for the words' Pakistan' by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

² Subs. for 'Heterodera'

³ Subs. For 'Official certificate'

⁴ Subs. for 'no case of the insect pest'

⁵ Subs. for '2 kilometers'

⁶ Omitted the word 'only'

⁷ Subs.

- (1) Any plant of the genus *Hevea* shall not be imported into ¹["Bangladesh"], unless:-
 - (a) The importation is made for scientific purposes:
 - (b) written permission has been granted for each consignment of plants by ²[
 "Director"] and importation is in accordance with such special conditions as may be imposed by the Director

³[* * *] in granting such permission;

- (c) the plant has been disinfected and freed of any original soil in the country of origin and is free from pests and diseases, and consignment of plants is accompanied or covered by a
 - ⁴["Phytosanitary Certificate"] specifying clearly that the above requirements have been fulfilled; and
- (d) each consignment is addressed to the Director or any person authorized by him
- (2) The importation into ¹ [Bangladesh"] at any plant of the genus *Hevea* capable of further growth or propagation (excluding seed) is prohibited from the American tropics or from any other country in which South American leaf blight ⁵ ["*Microcyclus ulei*"] is present, unless, in addition to the requirements of sub-rule (1), such plant has been grown for an adequate period at a ⁶ ["Post entry quarantine"] for *Hevea* at a place approved by the Director and situated outside the American tropics and any other country in which south American leaf blight ⁵ ["*Microcyclus ulei*"] is present, and each consignment of such plants is accompanied or covered by a ⁴ ["Phytosanitary certificate"] to the effect that the above requirements have been fulfilled, and signed by the Officer-in-charge for such quarantine station.

¹ Subs. for ' Pakistan' by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

² Subs. for 'Department'

³ Omitted the words ' or the Quarantine Entomologist'

⁴ Subs. for the words 'Official Certificate.'

⁵ Subs. for 'Dothidella ulei'

⁶ Subs. for 'Plant Quarantine Station

- The importation into ¹[" Bangladesh "] of any such seed of any plant of the genus *Hevea* is prohibited from the American tropics or from any other country in which South American leaf blight ²[" *Microcyclus ulei"*] is present unless, in addition to the requirements of sub-rule (1), such seed, having been examined and again disinfected at a place approved by the Director and situated outside the American tropics and any other country in which South American leaf blight ²["*Microcyclus ulei"*] is present, has been repacked with new packing materials in new containers, and unless each consignment of such seed is accompanied or covered by a ³[" Phytosanitary certificate"] to the affect that the above requirements have been fulfilled and signed by the officer-in-charge of these operations.
- (4) The importation in ¹["Bangladesh"] of any plant or ⁴["plant product"] of the genus *Hevea* not capable of further growth or propagation (such as fresh or dried herbarium specimens is prohibited, unless, in addition to the requirements of clause (a),(b) and (d) of sub-rule(1) the Director is satisfied that such plant or ⁴["plant products"] is required for a legitimate special purpose and that such plant or ⁴["plant product"] has been sterilized in the country of origin by a method satisfactory to the Director.
- (5) The importation into ¹[" Bangladesh"] of any plant or 4["plant product" other than the genus *Hevea* capable of further growth or propagation and originating in the American tropics or in any other country in which South American leaf blight ³[" *Microcyclus ulei"*] is present, is prohibited unless written permission has been granted for each consignment of such plant or ⁴["plant products"] by the Director and the importation is in accordance with such special conditions as may be imposed by the Director in granting such permission.

¹ Subs. for ' Pakistan' by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

² Subs. for '*Dothidella ulei*'

³ Subs. for 'Official Certificate.'

⁵ Subs. for ' Plant material'.

- The importer shall ensure that any plant of the genus *Hevea* imported for further growth or propagation is grown under controlled conditions and supervision of plant quarantine officer for such period as will ensure that it is free from all pests and diseases before large scale plantation.
- (7) All budwood and other propagating materials of the genus *Hevea* shall be treated with such fungicide as may be specified by the Director before shipment".]
- (8) All the imported propagating materials not used for budding and the packing material imported with it shall be destroyed by burning.
- The importation of any plants or plant products, seed budwood, budded stump of the genus *Hevea* from a country where *Phytophthora botryosa* is known to occur is prohibited unless, in addition to the fulfillment of the requirements under sub-rule (1), the accompanying Phytosanitary certificate declares that the propagating materials have been collected from areas or plantations or nurseries which had been regularly inspected by duly authorized officials of the Phytopathological service of the country and were found free from *Phytophthora botryosa*."

¹ Subs. for sub-rule (6) & (7) by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

² Inserted

16. SUGARCANE: (Saccharum officinarum)

1[" Importation of sugarcane or sugarcane setts and sugarcane seed is prohibited from areas mentioned below where the following diseases are known to occur, namely:-

namery	
Diseases	Areas where the diseases
	are known to occur
(a) Sugarcane mosaic virus	Java, Argentina, Puerto Rico, Cuba
	Louisiana (U.S.A.)
(b) Sugarcane Fiji disease	Queensland, New Guinea, Philippines,
	Jamaica, Madagascar.
(c) Pine apple disease	Java, West Indies, Hawaii, France
(Ceratocystis paradoxa)	
(d) Sereh disease	West Java, India, Australia, Formosa, Hawaii, West
	Indies.
(e) Ratoon virus	Queensland, Hawaii, Philippines, India, South
	Africa, Rhodesia, Mexico, Cuba, Puerto Rico, Brazil,
	Peru, Taiwan, Mauritius, Lousiana, Florida,
	Colombia.
(f) Grassy shoot virus	India, Taiwan, Thailand.
(g) Gummosis	Brazil, Mauritius, Australia, Barbados, Madagascar,
(Xanthomonas vasculorum)	South Africa, Java, Borneo, New Guinea, British
	Honduras.

Provided that such importation in small quantities may be allowed by the Director subject to the following conditions, namely"]

- (i) that the importation is made for scientific purpose;
- (ii) that the imported planting material is grown at a ² [* * *] post entry quarantine station for an adequate period before release for large scale planting; and
- ³[" (iii) that the phytosanitary certificate shall bear an additional declaration to the effect that the planting material was inspected in the field and was found free from aforesaid diseases
- (iv) that the sugarcane setts shall be subject to such disinfection treatment as may be prescribed by the Director before shipment."]

Subs. by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

² Omitted the word 'recognised'

³ Subs. for clause (iii)

1[" 17. TOBACCO: (Nicotiana tabacum)

Unmanufactured tobacco, raw or cured, shall not be imported into Bangladesh unless the accompanying Phytosanitary Certificate bears an additional declaration that the tobacco consignment is free from tobacco moth, *Ephestia elutella* and that the pest does not exist in the country of origin.

Seeds shall be accompanied by the usual phytosanitary certificate which shall declare that the seeds have been treated with appropriate fungicide specified by the Director before shipment. The import of tobacco seedlings is strictly prohibited"]

18. CITRUS PLANTS: (Citrus sp.)

Citrus plants and cuttings shall not be imported into ²[" Bangladesh"] unless, in addition to the general requirements under rules 3 to

6, the following conditions are fulfilled:-

- (i) the importation is made for scientific purposes;
- (ii) the imported plants or cuttings are grown at a ³ [* * *] post entry quarantine station for a period adequate to ensure their freedom from virus diseases; and
- (iii) The usual ⁴ [" Phytosanitary certificate"] bears an additional declaration to the effect that the plants are free from *Malsecco* caused by *Deuterophoma tracheiphila* and that the disease does not exist in the country in which they are grown.

Subs. by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

² Subs. for the word. "Pakistan"

³ Omitted the word " recognised"

⁴ Subs. for the words "Official certificate"

^{1["} 19. COFFEE (Coffea arabica)-

The import of coffee propagating material is restricted to coffee seeds only, limited to small quantities not exceeding one kilogram in one consignment for scientific purpose. The import of coffee seeds or beans may be made from countries where coffee rust (Hemileia vastatrix) and coffee borer (Stephanoderes hampai) do not exist and the seeds are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate. The import of coffee seeds from Central and South American and the Carribean is prohibited due to the presence of American Leaf spot caused by Mycena citricolor (Omphalia flavida);

Provided that the provisions of this rule shall not apply to roasted and ground coffee.

20. BANANA (Musa sapientum)-

Import of vegetable planting material of banana from Central and South America and the Carribean and from South India is strictly prohibited due to the presence of Moko disease (*Pseudomonas solanacearum*) in it.

Banana vegetable planting material may be imported from other countries in small quantities for scientific purpose only under valid phytosanitary certificate stating that the planting material is free from root nematode (*Radophilus similis*) and black leaf streak (*Mycosphaerella fijiensis*). While importing, the outer corm tissues shall be removed until clean tissues are exposed. This planting material shall be treated in not water at 55° C for 20 minutes before its mandatory growth in post-entry quarantine.

Import of large quantities of planting material shall not be allowed"]

[।] Subs. for Rule (19), (20) by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

¹ [" 21. COCONUT (Cocos nucifera)

(1) Importation of coconut plant or plant products is prohibited from areas mentioned below where the following diseases or other diseases of obscure origin are known to occur, namely:-

Diseases	Areas where the diseases are known to occur
(a) Red Ring (Rhadinaphelenchus cocophilus)	Carribean area (Central and South America).
(b) Lethal Yellowing	Jamaica, Haiti, Florida.
(c) Kaincope	Ghana, Togoland.
(d) Cadang Cadang	Philippines.
(e) Bronze Leaf Wilt	Guayana, West Indies
(f) Root Wilt	South India
(g) Guam Coconut	Guam
(h) Coconut Wilt	Malaysia
(i) Leaf Scorch	Sri Lanka
(j) Tatipaka	Andhra Pradesh, India.

(2) Importation of coconut plant or plant products from other countries may be made subject to the following conditions, namely:importation of coconut shall, under permit, be made only in small quantities not exceeding 100 nuts per consignment, restricted to unsprouted nuts from which the perianth has been removed.

The seed nuts shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary Certificate from the authority concerned in the country of origin, stating that the seeds come from trees showing no sign of any diseases mentioned above.

upon arrival, the seeds shall be fumigated or treated by any other method considered appropriate by the Director to remove the risk of introducing insects.

the imported seed nuts shall be planted in individual containers in post entry quarantine for a period of two years. Any disease detected during post entry quarantine in the seedling shall be burnt together with containers and planting media."]

[।] Subs. by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

¹[" 22. GROUNDNUT (Arachis hypogaea)

Importation of groundnut seed from western hemisphere Africa, Australia, USSR, and China and such other groundnut growing countries of Asia as may be specified by the Director, from time to time, is prohibited to prevent the introduction of groundnut rust caused by *Puccinia arachidis*. Importation of decorticated seeds may be allowed under permit, from countries the importation of groundnut seeds from which is not prohibited if the decorticated seeds are accompanied by a Phytosanitary Certificate stating that the seeds had been collected from areas where the groundnut rust (*Puccinia arachidis*), scab (*Sphaceloma arachidis*) and groundnut leaf mosaic virus did not exist.

23. MAIZE (Zea mays)-

- (1) Importation of maize seeds from North, Central and South America as well as Continental Europe, USSR and China is prohibited due to the presence of Bacterial wilt, Bacterial Leaf blight or Stewart's disease caused by *Erwinia stewartii*. Seed material from countries other than those mentioned above may be allowed if accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the crop was not infected with Downy Mildew caused by any of the following strains of pathogen:-
- (i) Sclerospora philippensis;
- (ii) Sclerospora sacchari;
- (iii) Sclerospora maydis;
- (iv) Sclerophthora rayssiae var zeae
- (2) Each consignment of maize seeds shall be subject to inspection, fumigation, treatment and post entry quarantine before release.
- (3) Import of maize plant and seedlings is prohibited.

24. TEA (Camellia sinensis)-

The importation of tea vegetative materials is prohibited from any country or area where the phloem necrosis virus disease exists. Tea seeds may be imported only under permit and shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds have been collected from areas where phloem necrosis virus is not known to occur.]

¹ Subs. by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

¹[25. ALLIUM SPP.-

Seeds of - Allium spp. that is Onion (Allium cepae), Shallot. Leek (A. ampelopreasum var perrum), Gay chive (A. schoenoprasum) and Garlic (A. sativum) may be imported if accompanied by phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds are free from onion smut caused by Urocystis cepulae and stem namatode (Ditylenchus dipsaci).

(2) The plant and bulbs of onion, garlic, shallot, leek and gay chive shall not imported unless they are certified by the competent authority in the country of origin to be free from leaf tip die back (*Mycosphaerella schoenoprasi*) and stem nematode (*Ditylenchus dipsaci*)

26. COCOA (Theobroma cacao) and Theobroma sp.-

Cocoa and other *Theobroma* sp. (including seed in the unmanufactured state) may be imported in small quantities for research and propagation by Government controlled institutions only from countries other than Africa, West Indies and Sri Lanka. The consignment shall bear a declaration as to the origin of the plants and be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that they were inspected and found free from pod rot (*Monilia roreri*), mealy pod (*Trachysphaera fructigena*) and Witches broom (*Crinipellis perniciosa*) (*formerly known as Marasmius pernicious*) and that swollen shoot and other virus diseases do not occur in the country of origin. Plants are subject to inspection and fumigation are the prescribed point of entry and to post entry quarantine.

SOIL AND SOIL ROOTED PLANTS.-

27.

The Importation of soil or soil rooted plants or any other unsterilized rooting media, such as, compost, humus or forest litter capable of carrying pathogens is prohibited. Plant roots shall be free from soil, thoroughly washed and packed in sphagnum, moss, vermiculite, sawdust or similar inert material before export.

Subs. by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

¹[28: COTTON (Gossypium spp)-

- (1) Cotton seed.- Cotton seed shall not be imported from western hemisphere and Africa except for experimental purposes by appropriate authority under a valid permit from the Director. The seeds shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate and shall not be imported in quantities exceeding 500 grams in weight in any one consignment and shall be examined and fumigated. The accompanying phytosanitary certificate shall, in addition, declare that the seed and its container have been treated in such a way as to destroy all insect life.
- (2) Raw cotton.-
- (a) Unginned cotton shall not be imported.
- (b) No cotton shall be allowed to be imported except under a permit from the Director nor shall it be so imported unless it fulfils the following conditions:-
- (i) On or before the departure of a ship carrying a consignment of raw cotton for Chittagong port or port of Mongla from the port from where the cotton is consigned, the consignee or shipper shall ascertain the probable date of arrival of the ship at Chittagong Port or Port of Mongla and number of bales contained in the consignment and shall furnish this information to the Director not less than 21 days before the arrival of the ship at Chittagong Port or Port of Mongla;
- (ii) No vessel carrying American cotton or any other cotton shall enter into the territorial water of Bangladesh without any Anchorage Permit from the Director in Form No. IV for which an application shall be made to the Director at least fourteen days before the expected date of arrival of the vessel;
- (iii) In case of American cotton arriving at Chittagong Port or Port of Mongla the hatches of the ships shall be opened in presence of Plant Quarantine Officer for inspection and disinfection before discharging. The cotton shall thereafter be fumigated by Plant Quarantine Officer in a space within the port protected area provided by the Port authority and approved by the Director;
- (iv) No vessel shall discharge American cotton during a period of rain, mist or drizzle;]

Subs. for rule 28 by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

- ¹[" (v) Cotton other than American cotton, which is imported in a vessel carrying any bale or bales of American cotton shall be deemed to have been in contact therewith and shall be treated as American cotton and shall be subjected to the restrictions and conditions specified in these rules;
- (vi) Any raw cotton other than American cotton imported without valid import permit from the Director and Phytosanitary certificate from the country of origin or with valid import permit from the Director but without phytosanitary certificate from the country of origin shall be subjected to fumigation before release;
- (3) Samples of American cotton imported by parcel post or as ship or air parcel, not exceeding 10 kilogram per parcel in weight shall be handed over to Plant Quarantine Officer by the postal authority for examination and fumigation before release.
- (4) Transit movement or transshipment of American cotton is permitted if shipments are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate and are so packed that insect cannot enter or escape. For the purpose of transshipment, if a part or whole of the consignment requires discharge within the port site or barges, the consignment shall be subjected to restrictions and conditions specified in these rules.
- (5) Cotton fabrics carried in the same vessel with American cotton shall be subjected to disinfection and fumigation as specified in these rules before release."]

^{2[}-_{28A} PEARL MILLETS (*Pennisetum americanum*).

The Phytosanitary certificate shall declare that the seeds were collected form an area where the following diseases were not known to occur:-

- (i) Downy mildew (Selerospora graminicola)
- (ii) Rust (Puccinia substriatia)
- (iii) Ergot (Claviceps fusiformis)

Each consignment of seed shall be subject to inspection fumigation and treatment and post-entry quarantine before release.]

¹ Subs. for Rule '28' clause (v) and (vi) and sub-rule (3), (4) & (5) by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

² Inserted

¹ [" 28B. Rice (Oryza sativa)-

Importation of rice seed form Mexico, USA, British Honduras, Cuba, Costa Rica, Guatemala, Panama, EI-Salvador, Colombia, Surinam and Venezuela is prohibited.

Small quantities of rice seed shall be allowed to be imported exclusively for scientific purpose only subject to treatment and observation for one growing season in post-entry quarantine. Such seed sample shall carry phytosanitary certificate stating that the Hoza Blanka disease or the occurrence of that disease had not been noticed in the fields from where the seeds were collected.

Importation of rice in bulk quantities for consumption shall be made in the same manner and in accordance with the provision of rules 5 and 8.

28C. SORGHUM (Sorghum vulgare)-

Small quantity of sorghum seed may be imported under a phytosanitary certificate stating that they were collected from fields which had been regularly inspected during growing season and were found to be free from infection of bacterial blight caused by *Pseudomonas andropogonis* and bacterial streak caused by *Xanthomonas holcicola*. The seeds shall be subjected to inspection, fumigation and treatment and post entry quarantine before release.

28D. WHEAT (Triticum spp.)-

Importation of wheat seed in bulk from countries where the following diseases or any other disease of obscure origin are known to occur is prohibited, namely:-

Diseases		Countries where the disease
		are known to occur
(i)	Powdery mildew,	USA, Canada, Europe, Australia
	Erysiphe graminis	and India.
(ii)	Yellow ear rot Anguina tritici Corynebacterium tritici	Egypt, India, Australia and China.
(iii)	Septoria Leaf Blotch: Septoria tritici	USA, USSR, UK, China, Australia, Pakistan and India.
(iv)	Leaf blight: Alternaria triticina	India
(v)	Molya disease: Heterodera avenae	India
(vi)	Canary grass: Phalaris minor	India"]

Inserted by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

- Provided that importation of wheat seed from such countries may be allowed for seed purposes under import permit granted by the Director, subject to the fulfillment of the following conditions, namely:-
 - (a) the field where the crop is grown and from which the seeds are collected shall be regularly inspected by Plant Quarantine Officer of Bangladesh in collaboration with phytopathological service and seed certification agency of the supplying country throughout the entire growing period till harvest of the crop. Seeds shall be procured only from the fields where no incidence of above diseases has been observed;
 - (b) screening cleaning, grading and other relevant tests of the seeds like moisture content and viability shall be conducted in presence of Plant Quarantine Officer of Bangladesh and shall be certified by National Seed Certification Agency and also by plant quarantine service of the country of origin stating that the seeds are free from all injurious pests and diseases including the above;
 - (c) the seeds, if in the opinion of Plant Quarantine Officer need to be fumigated or disinfected, shall be fumigated or disinfected in the presence of Plant Quarantine Officer before shipment.
 - (d) before loading, the ship's holds shall be thoroughly cleaned and fumigated ,if required , in presence of Plant Quarantine Officer who shall , after loading, finally seal the hatches. The ship carrying seed consignment shall not be allowed to carry any other merchandise which, in the opinion of Plant Quarantine Officer, might harbour storage pest;
 - (e) all travelling expenses of Plant Quarantine Officers, including the expenditure during the period of their stay abroad, such as, food, board and medical expenses shall be arranged either by importer, shipper or financier.

^{28 E.} Crysanthemum (*Crysanthemum* spp)-

Importation of plants, flowers, bulbs and vegetative materials of any Crysanthemum spp. into Bangladesh is absolutely prohibited."]

Inserted by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

¹[" 28 F. ORCHID (Orchidaceae family)

- (1) Any plant of Orchidaceae family may be imported in limited quantities as seed, seedlings or meristem culture grown in sterile media. This shall be free from soil and packed in certified sterile media duly accompanied by a phytosanitery certificate stating that the plants are free from the following diseases and the phytosanitary certificate shall in addition declare that the mother plants from which the tissue has been obtained were indexed for the following virus diseases and that these diseases were not present in the nursery:-
 - (i) Bacterial rot (Erwinia cypripedii);
 - (ii) Cymbidium mosaic virus;
 - (iii) Cattely flower break virus.
 - (2) The orchid plants shall be subjected to post entry quarantine observation before release.

28 G. ORNAMENTAL PLANTS.-

Vegetative and propagative materials of ornamental plants may be imported in small quantities, free form soil and packed in sterile media, duly accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate. The consignment shall be subjected to post entry quarantine before release.

28 H. SUNFLOWER (Helianthus annus)-

- (1) The phytosanitary certificate accompanying the sunflower seeds shall declare that the seeds are free from Downy mildew caused by *Plasmopara halstedii* and mosaic virus disease, The Phytosanitary certificate shall further state that the seeds were collected from fields where no incidence of Downy mildew and Mosaic virus was recorded during the last growing season.
- (1) The consignment shall be subjected to post entry quarantine before release.

28 I. FOREST TREE SEEDS:-

- (1) Seeds of forest trees may be imported in limited quantities for the purpose of research or propagation by Forest Research Authorities accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds were free from insect pest and diseases. The seeds shall be free from extraneous materials and shall be fumigated or treated with appropriate fungicide before shipment.
- (2) The consignment shall be subjected to post entry quarantine observation."]

Inserted by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

¹["28 J. FORESTRY PRODUCT-

- (1) The importation of the forestry products, namely, logs posts, poles, railway ties, cardwood, slabwood lumber (with bark) and christmas trees shall be made under a valid import permit from the Director. The consignment shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate which shall, in addition, declare that the forestry products are free from Gypsy moth (*Lymantria dispar*).
- (2) For pine (*Pinus* sp.) Larch (*larix* sp), Spruce (*Picea sp.*) and Douglas fir (*Psedotsuga* sp.) with twig and branches, the phytosanitary certificate shall, in addition to the declaration under sub-rule (1), state that the trees were free from Scleroderris canker disease (*Gremmeniella abietina*).
- (3) For Oak tree (*Quercis* sp.), The consignment shall be kiln dried and free from bark and the accompanying phytosanitary certificate shall, in addition to the declaration under sub-rule (I), state that the area or areas from where the oak tree was harvested were free from oak wilt diseases (*Ceratocystis fagacearum*).

28 K. FRUITS; Fresh Fruits-

- (1) Fresh fruits, namely-apple (*Malus sylvestris*), pear (*Pyrus* sp), Peach (*Prunus persica*), oranges (*Citrus* sp), Grapesw (*Vitis* sp.) mangoes (*Mangifera indica*) and banana (*Musa* sp.) shall not be imported unless, in addition to the compliance with the provisions of rules 5 and 8, the fruits are certified to have been fumigated by plant quarantine service of the country of origin to eliminate fruit flies and scale insects.
- (2) Dry fruits, namely-raisins (*Vities* sp.) almond (*Prunus amygdalus*), date (*Phoenix* sp.), apricot (*Prunus armeniaca*), monacca (*Vities* sp.) alobokhara and pesta (*Pista vera*), shall be imported in accordance with the provisions of rules 5&8.

28 L. MANGO PLANTS AND SEEDS (Mangifera indica)-

Importation of mango plants and seeds in sterile media is allowed. The phytosanitary certificate accompanying the consignment shall declare that the following pest and disease are not present in the nursery:-

(i) Woody gall; (ii) Scaly bugs.

28 M. GRASS SEED-

- (1) Importation of grass seeds and grass vegetative materials (in case of hybrid cultivars) is strictly prohibited except under special circumstances and under a valid permit issued in the Director, in small quantities. The seeds and vegetative materials shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds and vegetative materials are free from diseases of *Clavicepss sp. Helminthosporium* sp. *Fusarium* sp. And *Erwinia rathayi*.
- (2) The seeds shall be properly fumigated with appropriate fumigant as specified by the Director before shipment.]

lnserted by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

¹"_{28 N.} LUCERN (Madicago sativa)-

Importation of Lucern seed is prohibited from Brazil, Chile, Mexico, USSR or any other country where Bacterial Wilt (*Corynebacterium michigenense*), Verticillium Wilt (*Verticillium alboatrum*) and Alfalfa mosaic virus was noticed during the last cycles of vegetation. The consignment shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds are free from stem nematode (*Ditylenchus dipsaci*).

28 O. OIL PALM (Elaeis guineensis)-

- (1) Seeds including germinated seeds may be allowed to be imported under a permit from the Director and the consignment shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds were collected from areas where the following diseases or other diseases of obscure origin are not known to occur:-
- (i) Lethal Yellowing;
- (ii) Kaincope:
- (iii) Cadang Cadang;
- (iv) Bronze Leaf wilt;
- (v) Coconut Wilt

28 P. SOYBEAN (Glycine max).

- (1) Soybean seeds shall be allowed to be imported and the consignment thereof shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate declaring that the seeds are free from the following pests and diseases:-
- (i) Soybean mosaic virus;
- (ii) Tobacco ring spot virus;
- (iii) Soybean Cyst Nematode (Globodera glycine).
- (3) Soybean seeds shall be subjected to post entry quarantine before release.

28 Q. CHILLI (Capsicum annum)-

The Chilli seeds shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds have been collected from strand free from Chilli mosaic virus and anthracnose (*Colletotrichum tematium*).

28 R. PEPPER (*Piper* Sp.)

The importation of pepper plant and vegetative materials is prohibited. Only seeds of pepper may be imported, if they are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate. The seeds shall be subjected to post-entry quarantine before release".

Inserted by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

¹["28 S. OTHER SPICES.-

All dry spices for consumption namely-

Cinnamon (Cinnamomum cassia, C. zaylanicum and other Cinnamomum sp.), Cumin (Cuminum cyminum), Coriander (Coriandrum sativum), Cardamom (Elettaria cardomomum), Chilli (Capsicum sp.) and Turmeric may be imported under a permit form the Director and in accordance with the provision of rules 5 and 8

28 T. VEGETABLE SEEDS.-

Importation of vegetable seeds is restricted to variety or hybrids only which have been recommended by National Seed Board or any other competent authority. Importation of such seeds shall be made crop wise in limited quantities subject to the fulfillment of condition outlined below and shall be subjected to inspection, fumigation and treatment and post-entry quarantine before release:-

(1) BEET (Beta vulgaris)-

The seeds shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds are free from Root rot caused by *Phoma beta* and Beet rust (*Uromyces betae*)

(2) CABBAGE AND CAULIFLOWER (*Brassica oleraceae*)

Seeds shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds are free from Black leg disease, caused by *Phoma lingam*. The Photosanitary certificate shall also declare that the seeds are free from *Alternaria circinaus* and *A. herculae*.

(3) CUCUMBER (Cucumis sativa)-

The seeds shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds are free from Black stem rot caused by *Mycosphaerella melonis* and Cucumber Mosaic virus.

(4) LETTUCF (*Lettuce sativa*)

Seeds shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds are free from Lettuce Mosaic vurus.

(5) PEA (Pisum sativum)-

The seeds shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds are free from Bacterial blight (*Pseudomonas syringae*) and that the seeds were taken from crop grown in an area where Bacterial blight has not been known to occur during the last growing period"].

Inserted by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

¹["(6) TOMATO (Lycopersicum esculentum).

The seeds shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds are free from the following diseases:-

- (i) Tomato canker caused by Deplodina lycopersici;
- (ii) Bacterial canker caused by Corynebacterium michiganense.

The phytosanitary certificate shall, in addition, declare that the seeds were taken from plants which were not attacked with Tomato bunchy top or potato spindle tuber viroid and no occurrence of this viroid was noticed in the vicinity of area where they were grown.

28 U. SWEET POTATO (Ipomoea batalas)-

Importation of vegetative planting material (including root) of sweet potato is strictly prohibited, but seeds of such material in small quantities may be allowed for scientific purpose if accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that the seeds were collected from fields where stem rot wilt (*Fusarium oxysporum*) root rot (*Plenodomus destruens*) or white rust (*Gleosporium ipomoeae*) did not occur and the growing crop was found to be free from the following diseases:-

- (i) Sweet potato dwarf;
- (ii) Sweet potato internal cork;
- (iii) Sweet potato feathery mottle;
- (iv) Sweet potato Russet crack.

28 V. OTHER PLANT PORDUCTS: BETEL NUTS(Areca catechu).

- (1) Betelnut (whole or split) may be allowed to be imported under an import permit from the Director and in accordance with the provisions of rules 5&8.
- (2) Any other plant or plant products not falling in the purview of prohibition or restrictions under these rules shall be guided by the procedures laid sown in rules 3,4,5,6,and 8.]

Inserted by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

¹[" 28 W. SILK WORM EGGS (Bombyx mori)-

Silk worm eggs shall be allowed to be imported for scientific and industrial purpose under permit from the Director, subject to fulfillment of the following conditions:-

- (a) phytosanitary certificate accompanying the eggs shall state that the eggs were collected from healthy stock and free from pebrine disease and also free from Muscardine spores (*Botrytis bassiana*);
- (b) the specimen shall be properly packed and labelled.

28 X. FOOD GRAIN.-

(I) Importation of food grain in bulk, namely, rice, wheat pulses, dry chillies and oil seeds by Government, local authorities or private entrepreneurs against barter deal, grant or purchase shall be made under a permit from the Director and as per conditions laid down therein:

Provided that the importer or shipping agency shall notify the arrival of the carrier to the Director and, in case of ship, shall obtain anchorage permit from the Director in Form-iii A

- (2) The Discharge of such commodities shall be subject to the clearance by the Plant Quarantine Officer after necessary examination, fumigation and treatment, if necessary, at the cost of the consignee.
- 28 Y. Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules relating to importation, the Director may at any time prohibit or restrict the importation of any plant and plant products which, in his opinion, may be source of infection or infestation to plants and may, in the case of an emergency, waive, alter or modify any condition relating to such importation."

Inserted by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

¹["29. INSPECTION AND CERTIFICATE OF PLANTS AND PLANT PRODUCTS FOR EXPORT.-)

- (1) Every person who intends to export plants and plant products shall submit an application in Form-IVA to the Director or Plant Quarantine Officer concerned for inspection of plants or plant products before shipment thereof. The application shall be made at least a day before the shipment in case of perishable goods and fifteen days in case of non-perishable goods so as to allow proper inspection and treatment (if required) and certificatation.
- (2) If the plant or plant product is found, upon inspection to be free from injurious insect and plant diseases, a phytosanitary certificate in Form V shall be issued by the Director or Plant Quarantine Officer, as the case may be, to the exporter to accompany the shipment.
- (3) No phytosanitary certificate shall be granted for any plant or plant product which has been taken from or mixed with other plants or plant products which are diseased or infested.
- (4) No Phytosanitary certificate shall be granted for any plant or plant product, intended for shipment to a country in which its entrance is absolutely prohibited.
- (5) For the purpose of inspection, fumigation or destruction of plant or plant product, the required conveyance and other related expenses shall be provided or borne by the exporter.
- (6) All risks or damages of any kind associated with , or resulting from fumigation or other treatment shall devolve in the exporter."]

[।] Subs. for Rule (29), (30), & (31) by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

32. The list of officer authorized to inspect and grant the 1 [" Phytosanitary Certificate"] is at Form V1.

2 ["32 A. INSPECTION OF SHIP'S CONTAINER.-

- (1) The shipping agent of a ship carrying plants or plant products shall supply the shipping manofest to the Plant Quarantine Officer at least fourteen days before the arrival of the ship. On arrival of the ship, containers loaded with cargoes of plant origin which are likely to carry or harbour pests, shall be examined by the Plant Quarantine Officer who shall render treatment, if necessary, to the containers to ensure complete annihilation of all pests and to stop their spread inside the country. All expenses pertaining to such treatment shall be borne by the shipping agent concerned at such rate as may be fixed by the Director.
- (2) The port authority of Chittagong port and the port of Mongla shall notify to the Plant Quarantine Officer the arrival of ships carrying passengers and cargoes of plant origin and the Plant Quarantine Officer shall accompany the berthing team as a member of the Berthing Committee and shall, on the basis of the shipping manifest, examine the plants and plant products accompanying the passengers and cargoes of plant origin and shall adopt such measures as may be deemed appropriate to stop spread or dissemination of pests from the ships.
- (3) The Plant Quarantine Officer shall also inspect the pantry and store room of food materials and shall keep the store sealed till such times as the ship is ready for sail. During the period of stay of the ship at the port, necessary food provision shall be made available for consumption of the crew in a separate well protected store room so that no pest can escape.
- (4) No container with dunnage or loaded with plant or plant product shall be allowed to move outside the protected area of the port without a written permission of Plant Quarantine Officer in Form-VII.
- (5) No person, agency, firm, organization or institution other than the Plant Quarantine Officer of the Department shall make such inspection and render such treatment. Any such inspection made or treatment done and any certificate issued to that effect except by the Plant Quarantine Officer shall be illegal and shall be liable to punishment specified in section 5(2) of the Act.

1 Subs. for the words "Official certificate" by notification

2. Inserted.

1["32. B. VALIDITY OF PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATE.-

- (1) The plant and plant product for which a phytosanitary certificate has been issued shall be shipped within fifteen days from the date of inspection in case of non-perishable goods and twenty four hours in case of perishable goods, failing which the phytosanitary certificate shall be treated as not valid. In such case the authority issuing the phytosanitary certificate shall not be held responsible for any objection raised or if the phytosanitary certificate is dishonored by the importing country. In case the plant or plant product is shipped after the expiry of the period specified and re-examination shall be done by the concerned Plant Quarantine Officer after physically examining the plant or Plant product lying abroad. All expenses for travel of the Plant Quarantine Officer to the place of inspection abroad and back shall be borne by the exporter.
- (2) If the plant or plant product in respect of which a Phytosanitary certificate has been issued has not been shipped within the period specified, a phytosanitary certificate by Plant Quarantine Officer shall be required. A fresh application from the exporter for the issuance of the new phytosanitary certificate shall be necessary and the plant Quarantine Officer concerned shall, after inspection of the plant or plant product and realization of necessary fee, issue such certificate.

"32.C REISSUANCE OF PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATE IN CASE OF LOSS OR DAMAGE.-

Phytosanitary certificate once issued is lost or damaged, the exporter shall make an affidavit in the court of Magistrate of the first class to that effect stating clearly the circumstances under which it has been lost or damaged and shall apply to the concerned Plant Quarantine Officer, after paying a fine of one hundred taka in the Government. Treasury under the code no -1- 4331-0000-2043 for reissuance of a Phytosanitary certificate after cancelling the phytosanitary certificate lost or damaged. An application for re-issuance of a Phytosanitary certificate under this rule shall be made within the validity period of the previous certificate and before shipment of the plants or plant products.

1 Inserted by notification

33. 1[" PLANT PRODUTS"] IN TRANSIT:

- (1) The provisions of these rules shall also apply to plants or plant products under transit through Bangladesh by land, air or sea and the plant or plant product in transit shall not be removed from the carrier except with the permission of the Director; and, in case of any plant or plant product the entry of which into Bangladesh is prohibited or restricted, the Director may order the detention, treatment or destruction of such plant or plant product in transit or its return to its sender by such means as he may approve
- (2) The shipments and consignments must however, be accompanied by Phytosanitary certificate issued by the Plant Quarantine authority from the country of origin and shall be so packed that there are no chances of any insect pests and diseases escaping from the packages or the containers.

5[" MISCELLANEOUS"]

5["34 PAYMENT OF FEES AND PLANT QUARANTINE CHARGES-:

Importers and exporters of plant and plant products shall pay to the Government such charges for inspection, examination and treatment of plants and plant products and such fees for the issuance of certificates and permits under these rules as the Director may, with the approval of the Government, determine from time to time"]

৩০ শে জুলাই. ১৯৮৯ ইং।

2 Subs. for sub-rule (1)

3 Subs. for 'Official certificate'

4 Subs. for proper officer'

5 Inserted

¹ Subs. for 'Plant material' by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং

¹[" 35. MEASURES IN CASE OF APPEARANCE OF EXOTIC PESTS.-

Whenever any exotic pest appears on accidental entry, in any crop field, the owner or the person in actual possession or management or control of the crop field shall immediately report it to the Director or the nearest Plant Quarantine Officer. The Director shall . on receipt of such information, adopt the following measures:-

- (a) Cordon the area where the exotic pest has erupted to stop movement of any plant and plant product from the affected area to neighbouring localities or crop fields;
- (b) adopt appropriate chemical control measure including destruction of the infested or infected crop by burning it, if, in the opinion of the Director, such action is of utmost necessity for complete eradication of the pest and for stoping its further spread within the country, at the expenses of the owner of the crop field:
- (c) the crop field so affected shall not be used for cultivation of the same variety of crop or crops of allied group for such period as may be specified by the Director; and the left over stock of planting material shall not be used for sowing and shall be confiscated and destroyed by the Director at the expenses of the owner of the crop field;
- (d) No person as owner of the crop field or in actual possession or management or control of the crop field shall resist or obstruct the Director or his authorized representative in the execution of control or eradication or destruction process mentioned in clause (a),(b) or (c) nor shall be refuse to carryout such instructions pertaining to control and eradication of pest as may be issued by the Director from time to time.

36. PENALTY-

Whoever willfully contravenes any provision of these rules or forges, counterfeits, alters or defaces any permit or certificate issued under these rules shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one thousand taka";]

Inserted by notification এস আর ও ২৭৪- আইন/৮৯, তাং ৩০ শে জুলাই, ১৯৮৯ ইং।

FORM-1 (See Rule 5)

To
The Director,
Plant Protection Wing,
Deptt. of Agricultural Extension,
Khamarbari, Farmgate,
Dhaka-1215

Subject: Application for Import Permit to import plant or plant products.

Sir,

I hereby apply for an Import Permit to import plant or plant products as required under rule 5 of the Destructive Insect and pest Rules, 1966 (Plant Quarantine).

Necessary particulars are given below:-

1. Name of the plants / plant product :

2. Quantity :

3. Name of the exporting country :

4. Country where grown :

Expected date of arrival

6. Means of transportation :By air/sea/vessel/train/truck/postal/parcel.

7. Point of entry :

8. Purpose of import :

9. Name and detailed address of

importer

Signature

(Form 'IA') (See Rule 3 & 4)

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh

Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Agricultural Extension

Plant Protection Wing (Plant Quarantine)

	(Plant Quarantine)
Your Reference:	No
	Khamarbari, Farmgate,
	Dhaka-1215.
	IMPORT PERMIT
	Special Import Permit.
	to import
	through
	lated by the following conditions:-
1) The consignments is accompanie	ed with Phytosanitary Certificate from the country of origin
declaring the plant or plant prod	ucts has been rendered free from injurious insects and pests
by effective fumigation.	
2) On arrival of the consignment it	will be examined and fumigated by the technical staff of
this Department stationed at	and will only
be released if they are found free	e from diseases or plant pests otherwise the same will be
destroyed.	
3) The permit is valid for three mo	nths from the date of its issue.
4) Additional conditions if any:	
	Director/ Deputy Director
	(Quarantine)
То	
Copy to:	
 The collector of Customs The Quarantine Entomole 	, Custom Houseogist, Plant Quarantine

Station,....

(Form -II)
(See Rule 8(8))
Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Agricultural Extension
Plant Protection Wing
(Plant Quarantine)

The Plant or Plant products mentioned below having been imported without the prior permission of the Director, Plant Protection Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension and unaccompanied with a valid Phytosanitary Certificate as required by the Destructive Insect and Pest Rules, 1966 is hereby order to be confiscated and destroyed.

Particulars of the plant or plant products

Consignee

Director / Deputy Director (Quarantine)

The Collector of Customs/Joint Collector of Customs/Asstt. Collector of Customs / Supdt. of Customs.

Copy for information to:-

(Form -III) (See Rule 8(5))

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Agricultural Extension
Plant Protection Wing
(Plant Quarantine)

NoP.Q. Station	
RELEASE OF	RDER
The plant and plant products mentioned fumigated/ treated and found free from injurious inse	
They are now considered fit for release to the	consignee.
Particulars of plants and plant products.	Signature
	Quarantine Entomologist
To The Collector / Joint Collector/ Deputy Collector/ Su	uperintendent of Customs
Copy to:-	
1. Mr/ Mrs with refe	
2. The Director, Plant Protection Wing, Department Farmgate, Dhaka-1215 for information with refer No	rence to his Memo

Quarantine Entomologist

(Form -III A) (See Rule 28X(1))

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh Ministry of Agriculture Department of Agricultural Extension Plant Protection Wing (Plant Quarantine)

Your l	Reference	No
	ANCHORAGE	E PERMIT
ancho its car	r at Chittagong/Mongla Harbour subject to the	yingto he condition that the vessel will not discharge gated/ treated by the Plant Quarantine Officer,
		Director
То	M/s	
Сору	 to:- The Collector of Custom, Custom House The Collector of Customs and Excise, K The Traffic Manager, Port of Mongla At The Traffic Manager, Chittagong Port T The Quarantine Entomologist 	hulna. uthority, Khulna. rust, Chittagong.

(Form -IV) See Rule 28(2)(b)(ii)

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh Ministry of Agriculture Department of Agricultural Extension Plant Protection Wing (Plant Quarantine)

	No Khamarbari, Farmgate,
	Dhaka.
Your Reference	Dated
A	NCHORAGE PERMIT
Permission is hereby granted t	o the S. S
expected on	carryingraw cotton to anchor a
Mongla/Chittagong Harbour. Neces	sary examination/ fumigation will be conducted by the
Quarantine Entomologist Mongla/C	hittagong on its arrival subject to the condition that no
vessel shall discharge raw cotton dur	ing a period of rain, mist or drizzle.
	Director
	Birector
То	
M/s	
Copy to:-	
1. The Collector of Custom, C	Custom House, Chittagong.
2. The Collector of Customs a	and Excise, Khulna.
3. The Traffic Manager, Port	of Mongla Authority, Khulna.
4. The Traffic Manager, Chitt	agong Port Trust, Chittagong.
5. The Quarantine Entomolog	ist

(Form -IVA) (See Rule 29)

То
Subject:- Application for Phytosanitary Certificate for exportable plants/plant products.
I/we hereby apply for Phytosanitary Certificate as required under Rule29 of Destructive
Insects and Pests Rules, 1966 (Plant Quarantine). Particulars of the consignment in respect of
which the certificate is required are given below:-
1. Name and address of exporter
2. Name and address of consignee
3. Name of commodity
4. Quantity
5. Means of Export
6. Place of origin
7. Contract No. and date if any
8. Point of entry and name of the country to which to be exported.
9. Expected date of shipment
10. Whether fumigation/ treatment is needed
11. Distinguishing mark, if any
I/We hereby declare that the particulars given above are correct. The
commodities are now lying for inspection in our go down at
Signature of Applicant

Date.....

(Form -V) See Rule 29(2)

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh Ministry of Agriculture Department of Agricultural Extension Plant Protection Wing (Plant Quarantine)

PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATE

	NoPlace
To the Plant Protection Organizati	on of Date Inspection
	iption of consignment
Name and address of Exporter	
Declared Name and address of	
consignee	
Number and description of	
packages	
Distinguishing Mark	1
Place of origin	1
Declared means of conveyance	\$ ·
Declared point of entry	4
Name of produce and quantity	<u> </u>
declared	

From Pre-page
Botanical name of plant
This is to certify that the plants or plant products described above hav

This is to certify that the plants or plant products described above have been inspected according to appropriate procedure and are considered to be free from quarantine pests and practically free from other injurious pests and that they are considered to conform with the current Phytosanitary regulation of the importing country.

Disinfestations/ Disinfection

Date Treatment

Chemical (active ingredient) :

Duration of temperature :

Concentration :

Additional information :

Additional declaration :

Name of authorized Officer Signature

No liability shall be attached to the Ministry of Agriculture or the Department or to any of its Officer or representative with respect to this certificate.

Form -VI (See Rule 32)

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Agricultural Extension
Plant Protection Wing
(Plant Quarantine)

List of Officers Authorized to inspect and grant the (Phytosanitary Certificate)

- (1) Director, Plant Protection Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension.
- (2) Deputy Director (Quarantine), Department of Agricultural Extension.
- (3) Quarantine Entomologist, Department of Agricultural Extension.

Form -VII (See Rule 32A(4))

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Agricultural Extension
Plant Protection Wing
(Plant Quarantine)

NoPlant Quarantine
MOVEMENT ORDER
Container(s) No
Loaded with
Originated from
has/have been examined and treated /fumigated and is / are permitted to move
outside the protected area of the Seaport/Airport/ land Route of
Quarantine Entomologist
To The Collector/ Joint Collector/Deputy Collector/Superintendent of Customs
NoDated
Copy to: (1) Mrwith
reference to his /their application No
dated
Ouarantine Entomologist

